

Analysis of Artifacts aligned to Marshall's Baccalaureate Degree Profile (BDP) Academic Year 2019 – 2020

We dedicate this report to the memory of Professor Joan St. Germain, who was a dedicated member of this Team for seven years (from 2013-2019). We miss her!!

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Executive Summary

Background

Recommendations from the 2019 Assessment Workgroup (Updates are in red).

1. Interrater reliability analyses this year showed that the need for reviewers to make judgments regarding which outcome traits instructors had intended to align their assignments resulted in much weaker score agreement than was the case when raters were certain of the instructors' intended trait alignments. For *Intercultural Thinking* and for *Ethical and Civic Thinking* the percentage of rater dyads where one rater gave the artifact a score and the other said it was not aligned to the trait ranged between 19% and 35%. The best way to address this problem is to reiterate to instructors that it is important that they provide assignment instructions that <u>clearly state</u> to which traits of the

BDP outcome their assignments align. Currently, directions for doing this are included in the instructor tab within Blackboard. The Summer Assessment Team suggested that the Office of Assessment and Quality Initiatives create an organization within Blackboard to make these instructions more prominent, as well as to feature other important information about aligning assignments to Marshall's BDP and other important outcomes (e.g. capstone, FYS, and baseline). Instructors can also receive emails through the Blackboard organization drawing their attention to these instructions. After discussion in our final meeting we decided that the Online Design Center will work with the Office of Assessment and Quality Initiatives to design a more explicit assignment to outcome trait alignment system that will make more explicit how to align to various traits within an outcome. Specific outcome statements for each trait will be provided for this purpose. A subcommittee of the University's General Education Committee was formed in fall 2019. Among their recommendations was that we create organizations within Blackboard to provide shorter general education results summaries and recommendations to improve pedagogical practices. Chris Sochor has created Blackboard organizations for FYS, Multicultural and International Courses, CT courses, and Writing Intensive Courses. Following discussion among Assessment Team members this summer, we decided on some modifications to last year's recommendation (please refer to recommendations 1 and 3 at the end of this report). The Office of Assessment and Quality Initiatives will create short reports to be disseminated to faculty via the methods discussed in recommendation 3 (end of report) following this summer's assessment.

- 2. An alternative to recommendation #1 is to allow the Summer Assessment Team to evaluate each assignment and arrive at consensus regarding the traits to which it aligns <u>before</u> beginning the assessment process. This recommendation also was made at the end of the summer 2018 assessment process. However, the team believes that recommendation #1 would be preferable, primarily due to the large number of potential assignments to be reviewed and the best use of time during the assessment project. We have not yet implemented this suggestion, but it is still under consideration.
- 3. The Summer Assessment Team recommends that results of these assessments be reported to Faculty Senate and to the General Education Council. In reviewing artifacts aligned to *Intercultural Thinking* this year, it became apparent that very few courses with **International** designations aligned assignments to the *Intercultural Thinking* outcome in Blackboard. The Office of Assessment and Quality Initiatives will provide the General Education Council with an inventory of *Multicultural* and *International* courses that are providing uploads aligned to *Intercultural Thinking*. The Summer Assessment Team recommends that the General Education Council follow-up with Department Chairs regarding this requirement and that, if courses fail to comply, their **Multicultural** or **International** designations be removed. This has not been accomplished (please refer to recommendation 5 at the end of this report.

Procedures for 2020 Assessment

General Procedures

In May 2020 we evaluated student artifacts produced in response to course assignments aligned to *Information Literacy, Integrative Thinking*, and *Metacognitive Thinking*. A group of eight faculty representing several academic colleges from across the university evaluated a sample of these artifacts using Marshall's outcome specific rubrics. These rubrics are included in the supporting documentation. Our sample initially consisted of 300 artifacts, 100 per outcome. However, during scoring raters agreed that 41 artifacts (13 aligned to *Information Literacy*, nine to *Integrative Thinking*, and 19 to *Metacognitive Thinking*) were not aligned to the outcomes to which they had been tagged. This reduced the number of artifacts to 259 (87 *Information Literacy*, 91 *Integrative Thinking*, and 81 *Metacognitive Thinking*). One additional artifact aligned to *Integrative Thinking* and another aligned to *Metacognitive Thinking* could not be accessed, reducing the number of scorable artifacts to 257 (87 for *Information Literacy*, 90 for *Integrative Thinking*, and 80 for *Metacognitive Thinking*). Each artifact was read by two independent reviewers (to arrive either at scores or to agreements of nonalignment for specific traits of each outcome). This project was coordinated by the Office of Assessment and Quality Initiatives.

Scoring Procedures

Evaluators assessed each artifact using the following scale:

	Special Scoring Codes						
Score	Explanation						
N/A	In the opinion of the evaluator, the artifact was misaligned with the outcome/trait to which the instructor had tagged it, or the evaluator saw no evidence of the trait in the student's work.						
	Regular Scoring Codes						
These co	des were given to artifacts that, in the opinion of the evaluator, were aligned with appropriate outcomes/traits and contained						
enough i	nformation to allow assessment.						
1	The artifact demonstrated Level 1 performance.						
2	The artifact demonstrated Level 2 performance.						
3	The artifact demonstrated Level 3 performance.						
4	The artifact demonstrated Level 4 performance.						

Please see the supporting information that follows this summary for a detailed explanation of scoring procedures.

General Information about the Sample

Two hundred forty-one (241; 80%) of the artifacts in our sample were drawn from courses at the 100/200 level, with the remaining 59 (20%) drawn from courses at the 300/400 level.

Results and Analysis

One challenge in reporting results of Baccalaureate Degree Profile (BDP) assessment is that, although we began with a sample of 300 artifacts (each of which was designated by instructors to align to one of the BDP outcomes assessed this year), each artifact was analyzed by outcome trait. The total number of traits across the three outcomes was 10 (four traits each for *Information Literacy* and for *Integrative Thinking* and two traits for *Metacognitive Thinking*). As mentioned previously, 41 artifacts were judged to not be aligned to any trait of the outcome to which they had been tagged (or there was no evidence in the student work that they had been). An additional two artifacts could not be scored, one because it was blank and the second because it was saved in a format that assessors could not open. This left 257 scorable artifacts. However, not all artifacts aligned to <u>every</u> trait of the outcomes to which they were tagged. A perusal of our supporting documentation shows that the artifacts evaluated by the Assessment Team aligned to a total of 767 traits using the MU rubrics (312 for *Information Literacy*, 314 for *Integrative Thinking*, and 141 for *Metacognitive Thinking*).

Outcome	Trait (MU rubric)	Total Traits Aligned
Information Literacy	Relevance of Sources	82
	Integration of Information	77
	Assumptions and Biases	67
	Citation	86
Total for Information Literacy		312
Integrative Thinking	Connections among Disciplines	78
	Relation among Domains of Thinking	79
	Transfer	71
	Connections to Experience	86
Total for Integrative Thinking		314
Metacognitive Thinking	Project Management	63
	Self-Evaluation	78
Total for Metacognitive Thinking		141
Totals		767

Int	formation Li	teracy		Int	egrative Th	inking		Met	acognitive Th	ninking	
Trait	Course	Number	Mean	Trait	Course	Number	Mean	Trait	Course	Number	Mean
	Level		(SD)		Level		(SD)		Level		(SD)
Relevance of	100/200	67	2.77	Connections	100/200	64	1.79	Project	100/200	34	1.62
Sources			(0.90)	among			(0.65)	Management			(0.70)
	300/400	15	3.43	Disciplines	300/400	14	2.12		300/400	29	2.12
			(0.46)				(0.82)				(0.78)
Integration of	100/200	64	2.57	Relation	100/200	65	1.81	Self-Evaluation	100/200	49	1.95
Information			(0.83)	among			(0.54)				(0.82)
	300/400	13	3.04	Domains of	300/400	14	2.07		300/400	29	2.33
			(0.63)	Thinking			(0.65)				(0.77)
Assumptions	100/200	57	1.41	Transfer	100/200	57	1.99				
and Biases			(0.68)				(0.67)				
	300/400	10	1.45		300/400	14	2.46				
			(0.64)				(0.91)				
Citation	100/200	71	2.25	Connections	100/200	72	1.96]			
			(0.89)	to Experience			(0.69)				
	300/400	15	2.70]	300/400	14	2.25]			
			(0.73)				(0.70)				

Results based on course level were as follows:

For all traits of each outcome, students enrolled in courses at the 300/400 level had higher mean scores than did students enrolled in courses at the 100/200 level. However, the only mean differences that were statistically significant were those for *Information Literacy*: relevance of sources and for *Metacognitive Thinking*: project management. We note that 80% of the artifacts assessed were from students enrolled in courses at the 100/200 level.

A perusal of the chart above shows mean performance for artifacts uploaded from 100/200 level courses ranged from 1.41 for *Information Literacy*: <u>assumptions and biases</u> to 2.77 for *Information Literacy*: <u>relevance of sources</u>. Means for 300/400 level courses ranged from 1.45 for *Information Literacy*: <u>assumptions and biases</u> to 3.43 for *Information Literacy*: <u>relevance of sources</u>. With the exception of the trait <u>assumptions and biases</u> to 3.43 for *Information Literacy*: <u>relevance of sources</u>. With the exception of the trait <u>assumptions and biases</u>, student performance on artifacts aligned to *Information Literacy* was stronger than their performance on *Integrative* and *Metacognitive Thinking*.

Inf	ormation Li	teracy		In	tegrative T	hinking		Met	acognitive Th	inking	
Trait	Course Level	Percent Scoring	Percent Scoring	Trait	Course Level	Percent Scoring	Percent Scoring	Trait	Course Level	Percent Scoring	Percent Scoring
		3.5 or	2.5 to			3.5 or	2.5 to			3.5 or 4.0	2.5 to
		4.0	4.0			4.0	4.0				4.0
Relevance of	100/200	36%	73%	Connections	100/200	3%	23%	Project	100/200	3%	15%
Sources	300/400	67%	100%	among	300/400	7%	43%	Management	300/400	7%	52%
				Disciplines							
Integration of	100/200	22%	69%	Relation	100/200	0	18%	Self-Evaluation	100/200	4%	37%
Information	300/400	46%	85%	among Domains of Thinking	300/400	0	36%		300/400	14%	55%
Assumptions	100/200	2%	16%	Transfer	100/200	4%	28%				
and Biases	300/400	0	10%		300/400	29%	57%				
Citation	100/200	13%	51%	Connections	100/200	6%	33%				
	300/400	27%	67%	to Experience	300/400	7%	43%				
Overall	100/200	19%	53%	Overall	100/200	3%	26%	Overall		4%	28%
	300/400	38%	70%		300/400	11%	45%	-		10%	53%

Frequency Analysis

Frequency analysis showed that, for *Information Literacy*, 38% of students enrolled in courses at the 300/400 level received final scores of 3.5 or 4.0, while 70% of students in these courses received final scores of at least 2.5. However, only 11% and 10% of students enrolled in 300/400 level courses received scores of 3.5 or 4.0 in *Integrative Thinking* and in *Metacognitive Thinking*, respectively. We must keep in mind, however, that there were very few artifacts drawn from students in 300/400 level courses for both *Information Literacy* and *Integrative Thinking*. Even for *Metacognitive Thinking*, the majority of the assignments we scored this year were from 100/200 level courses.

Results for Course Type

Analyzing results by course type posed several challenges. First, the only course type that is unique (i.e. can have only one course type attribute) is First Year Seminar in Critical Thinking (FYS). Courses can have the other attributes analyzed this year (Critical Thinking [CT], Writing Intensive [WI], Core II, and Capstone) in combination (and many do). So, when analyzing results by course type, we included all courses with the attribute we wanted to assess; this resulted in some courses being included in the analysis for more than one course type.

Critical Thinking (CT) Courses

CT courses in the assessment sample included those that aligned to each of the outcomes assessed. All CT courses are at the 100/200 level. Results are below:

In	formation Litera	асу	Ir	ntegrative Thinki	ng	Me	Metacognitive Thinking		
Trait	Number	Mean Score	Trait	Number	Mean Score	Trait	Number	Mean Score	
Relevance of Sources	40	2.79	Connections among Disciplines	54	1.84	Project Management	7	1.64	
Integration of Information	41	2.59	Relation among Domains of Thinking	54	1.80				
Assumptions and Biases	36	1.46	Transfer	51	2.0	Self- Evaluation	18	2.06	
Citation	41	2.24	Connections to Experience	62	2.0				

While, due to the relatively small /n/s, the results should be interpreted with caution, mean scores for students in Marshall's CT courses (which are at the 100 and 200 level) suggest performance at level 2 or higher on three of the four traits of *Information Literacy*, on two of the four traits of *Integrative Thinking*, and on one of the two traits of *Metacognitive Thinking*.

Core II Courses

Core II courses in the assessment sample included those that aligned to each of the outcomes assessed: *Information Literacy, Integrative Thinking,* and *Metacognitive Thinking.* All Core II courses are at the 100/200 level. Results are below:

In	Information Literacy		Ir	ntegrative Thinki	ng	Metacognitive Thinking		
Trait	Number	Mean Score	Trait	Number	Mean Score	Trait	Number	Mean Score
Relevance of Sources	32	2.73	Connections among Disciplines	48	1.84	Project Management	7	1.64
Integration of Information	31	2.40	Relation among Domains of Thinking	48	1.82			
Assumptions and Biases	29	1.48	Transfer	45	1.93	Self- Evaluation	18	2.06
Citation	31	2.36	Connections to Experience	55	1.96			

While, due to the relatively small /n/s, the results should be interpreted with caution, mean scores for students in Marshall's Core II courses (which are all at the 100 and 200 level) suggest performance at level 2 or higher for three of the four traits of *Information Literacy* and for one of the two traits of *Metacognitive Thinking*. Mean scores approached, but did not reach, Level 2 for all traits of *Integrative Thinking*.

Writing Intensive (WI) Courses

WI courses in the assessment sample aligned to all outcomes assessed: *Information Literacy, Integrative Thinking,* and *Metacognitive Thinking*. Results are given below:

In	formation Litera	асу	Ir	ntegrative Thinki	ng	Metacognitive Thinking		
Trait	Number	Mean Score	Trait	Number	Mean Score	Trait	Number	Mean Score
Relevance of Sources	32	3.06	Connections among Disciplines	42	1.92	Project Management	22	1.77
Integration of Information	28	2.59	Relation among Domains of Thinking	42	1.93			
Assumptions and Biases	27	1.33	Transfer	40	2.06	Self- Evaluation	32	2.31
Citation	32	2.52	Connections to Experience	45	2.02			

While, due to the relatively small /n/s, the results should be interpreted with caution, mean scores for students in Marshall's WI courses suggest performance at level 2 or higher in three of the four traits of *Information Literacy*, in two of the four traits of *Integrative Thinking*, and on one of the two traits of *Metacognitive Thinking*. Although WI courses were at both 100/200 and 300/400 levels, the proportion of artifacts from 300/400 levels included in this analysis was small. Please refer to the supporting documentation for a specific breakdown.

Capstone Courses

Capstone courses in this assessment sample primarily aligned to *Metacognitive Thinking* and all courses were at the 400 level. Please see the supporting documentation that follows this summary for additional detail.

Trait	Number	Mean Score
Project Management	22	2.20
Self-Evaluation	22	2.11

While, due to the relatively small /n/s, the results should be interpreted with caution, mean scores for students in the capstone sample suggest performance between Levels 2 and 3.

FYS Courses

FYS courses in the assessment sample aligned to all outcomes assessed: *Information Literacy, Integrative Thinking,* and *Metacognitive Thinking*. Results are given below:

In	formation Litera	су	Ir	ntegrative Thinki	ng	Metacognitive Thinking		
Trait	Number	Mean Score	Trait	Number	Mean Score	Trait	Number	Mean Score
Relevance of Sources	24	2.77	Connections among Disciplines	7	1.50	Project Management	26	1.60
Integration of Information	21	2.55	Relation among Domains of Thinking	8	1.88			
Assumptions and Biases	20	1.35	Transfer	5	1.70	Self- Evaluation	30	1.88
Citation	27	2.30	Connections to Experience	8	1.69			

While, due to the relatively small /n/s, the results should be interpreted with caution, mean scores for students in Marshall's FYS course, the majority of whom are freshmen, suggest performance between Levels 2 or higher on three of the four traits of Information Literacy, at Levels 1 or 2 on all traits of *Integrative Thinking* and *Metacognitive Thinking*.

Conclusion

We used rubrics this year that measured student performance according to the level of sophistication they demonstrated in achievement of each trait of the three Baccalaureate Degree Profile (BDP) outcomes we assessed. BDP outcomes specify what students are expected to achieve at the time they receive their baccalaureate degrees. Admittedly, the proportion artifacts from 300/400 level courses in our sample was small this year, with only 15 artifacts aligning to *Information Literacy*, 14 to *Integrative Thinking*, and 30 to *Metacognitive Thinking*. However, we were pleased that 70% of students who submitted artifacts from 300/400 level courses received overall scores of 2.5 or higher in *Information Literacy*, with 38% receiving scores of 3.5 or 4.0. Although not as high, 53% and 45% of students who submitted artifacts from 300/400 level courses received overall scores of 2.5 or higher on *Metacognitive* and *Integrative Thinking*, respectively. A score of 2.5 indicates that at least one rater assigned a score of Level 3 to the artifact, a score of 3 indicates that both raters assigned a score of Level 3.0, a score of 3.5 indicates that at least one rater assigned a score of Level 4, and a score of 4.0 indicates that both raters assigned a score of Level 4.

When examining mean performance across all artifacts, we noted that, for *Information Literacy*, <u>assumptions and biases</u> emerged as a relative weakness (*mean* = 1.42; *n* = 67) among the traits of this outcome. Only 14% of the 67 artifacts received scores between 2.5 and 4.0 (as compared to 78% for <u>relevance of sources</u>, 71% for <u>integration of information</u>, and 53% for <u>citation</u>). For *Integrative Thinking*, we noted little variation among means scores, which ranged from 1.85 for <u>relation among domains of thinking</u> to 2.09 for <u>transfer</u>. Likewise, for *Metacognitive Thinking* (which had only two traits), mean scores were 1.85 for <u>project management</u> and 2.09 for <u>self-evaluation</u>.

Although the majority of *Integrative Thinking* artifacts were drawn from 100/200 level courses, we argue that there is room to improve performance, especially given the emphasis placed on this outcomes in Marshall's CT courses. We also note that the rubric level descriptions we used this assessment cycle may have been too general and suggest studying the AAC&U's rubric for *Integrative Learning* to see if it might better capture student performance on this outcome.

For *Metacognitive Thinking*, two large categories of artifacts were included in this year's analysis. The first was a group of 40 artifacts from FYS that aligned to at least one trait (26 aligned to <u>project management</u> and 30 aligned to <u>self-evaluation</u>) and the second was a group of 22 artifacts from capstone courses aligned to both traits. While mean scores for capstone artifacts were significantly higher than those of FYS for <u>project management</u> (2.20 for capstone as compared to 1.60 for FYS), the mean differences for <u>self-evaluation</u> (2.11 for capstone and 1.88 for FYS) did not differ significantly. We suggest there is room for improvement on this outcome for students about to graduate from Marshall University. We recommend that more emphasis be placed on these skills throughout the Marshall curriculum.

The Office of Assessment and Quality Initiatives is currently examining the mapping of degree program outcomes to traits of the BDP. We will continue to work with programs that have not yet completed this analysis.

Recommendations from the 2020 Assessment Team

The Summer Assessment Team made the following recommendations:

- 1. That the Baccalaureate Degree Profile outcomes be reconfigured in Blackboard to allow instructors to align each assignment to individual outcome traits. Chris Sochor, Instructional Designer in Online Learning, said that it is possible to do this. The rationale for this recommendation is that it will focus instructors more closely on the specific elements (and definitions) of each outcome. Aligning to traits rather than holistically to an outcome should reduce the number of artifacts that assessors judge to lack specific outcome trait alignment.
- 2. That faculty be reminded to have students upload *final* versions of *summative* assignments for assessment.
- 3. That we use Microsoft Teams (rather than Blackboard Organizations) to communicate general education assessment information to specific constituencies. A special emphasis during 2020-2021 will be to communicate with faculty the need to align assignments to outcome traits. We will include the definitions of all outcome traits.

- 4. If recommendations 1 and 3 are not accomplished, consider having the Summer Assessment Team review all assignments that will be part of its reviews <u>before</u> beginning to score artifacts to determine the appropriateness of these assignments to each outcome trait.
- 5. That we communicate the results of general education assessment <u>and</u> recommendations of the Summer Assessment Team to the General Education Council.
- 6. That we examine the mapping of degree program outcomes to those of Marshall's Baccalaureate Degree Profile (BDP). These data are currently being collected in Taskstream and the Office of Assessment and Quality Initiatives will analyze the mappings completed to date and continue to work with degree programs that have not completed the mappings.
- 7. Use the analysis from recommendation 6 to recommend possible modifications to BDP traits.



Supporting Documentation



Baccalaureate Degree Profile Artifact Assessment

Academic Year 2019 – 2020

Outcomes Assessed: MU Rubrics

Outcome	Abbreviation	Traits	Abbreviations
Information Literacy	IL	Relevance of Sources	Relevance
		Integration of Information	Integration
		Assumptions and Biases	A & B
		Citation	Citation
Integrative Thinking	ІТ	Connections among Disciplines	Discipline
		Relation among Domains of Thinking	Domain
		Transfer	Transfer
		Connections to Experience	Experience
Metacognitive Thinking	MT	Project Management	Project
		Self-Evaluation	Self

Course Types

Course Type	Abbreviation
Critical Thinking	СТ
Core II	Core II
Writing Intensive	WI
Senior Capstone	Capstone
First Year Seminar in Critical Thinking	FYS

Course Types in ICT, ECT, and CF Outcome Sample

Each Course Counted Separately for Each Category

(i.e. sample *n* does not add to 300)

Course Type	Course Level	Sample <i>n</i>	Total Sample <i>n</i>
СТ	100-200	147	147
	300-400	N/A	
Core II	100-200	126	126
	300-400	N/A	
WI	100-200	86	118
	300-400	32	
Senior Capstone	100-200	N/A	25
·	300-400	25	
FYS	100-200	87	87
	300-400	N/A	
Total	100-200	384	503
	300-400	57	

Population/Sample Comparisons for Marshall's Learning Outcomes by Course Level

Marshall Outcomes	Course Level = 100/200			Course Level = 300/400		
	Population	Sample	Percent	Population	Sample	Percent
Information Literacy	838	85	10%	71	15	21%
Integrative Thinking	1,289	86	7%	242	14	6%
Metacognitive Thinking	406	70	17%	78	30	38%
Total	2,533	241	10%	391	59	15%

Sample Frequencies

Total # of artifacts assessed = 100 per outcome

Course Level Frequencies: Information Literacy

Course Level Frequencies: Integrative Thinking



Sample Frequencies

Total # of artifacts assessed = 100 per outcome

Total = 300

Course Level Frequencies: Metacognitive Thinking

Course Level Frequencies: Total across the three outcomes



Review Procedures

- Each artifact had two independent raters and usable scores on the 1 – 4 scale were determined in the following manner:
 - If raters assigned the same score, that became the score for the artifact.
 - If raters' scores differed by one point, e.g. Rater 1 assigned a score of 1 and Rater 2 a score of 2, the final score was the mean, i.e. 1.5.
 - If raters' scores differed by more than one point, e.g. Rater 1 assigned a score of 1 and Rater 2 a score of 3, the raters met to discuss the rationale for their scores to see if they could agree on a score or, at minimum, scores that differed by no more than one point.
 - If raters' scores differed by more than one point and, after discussion, they were not able to resolve the differences, a third rater was assigned to review the artifact.

Review Procedures

We also allowed reviewers to assign a score of N/A (not applicable) when they did not see evidence of the trait in the artifact. When one rater assigned a score of N/A and the second rater assigned a score of 1 – 4, they also met to discuss the rationale for their scores to see if they could agree on the presence (or not) of the trait in the assignment or artifact. If they could not agree, a third reader was assigned.

Third Readers for this Year's Review

- We had four artifacts that required a third review. For two of the artifacts, reviewers could not agree between a score of N/A and a numerical score for one trait, while they could not agree between scores of N/A and numerical scores for four traits of the third artifact. In all three cases, a third reviewer, who was unaware of the scores of the first two reviewers for each of the three artifacts, provided either numerical or N/A scores that matched the scores of one of the original reviewers or differed by one point.
- The original reviewers for a fourth artifact settled on numerical scores that were 2 points apart. The third reviewer was able to resolve this disagreement, which was one point apart from one of the original reviewers.

Interrater Reliability

- We conducted interrater reliability analyses using the Cohen's Kappa statistical procedure. In so doing, we used the following rules, similar to those suggested Stellmack, Kohneim-Kalkstein, Manor, Massey, & Schmitz (2009):
 - Since our scoring procedure was to average final scores between two raters when scores differed by only one point, we used that averaged score (e.g. 1.5) as the score for both raters, counting it as an agreement in the interrater reliability analysis.
 - When each evaluator rated an artifact trait as N/A (i.e. not aligned to the rubric trait), these ratings were counted as agreements in the interrater reliability analysis.
 - For scores that were two or more points apart, the original score of each reviewer was used in the analysis. Therefore, these scores were counted as disagreements.
 - Any time one rater scored the artifact as N/A and another provided a score, the scores were counted as disagreements in the analysis.

Artifacts Excluded from Analysis of Means Due to Inability to Assess or Misalignment with Tagged Outcomes

Outcome	Total Artifacts	Total Artifacts Not Able to be Scored	Total Used for Analysis	Notes:
Information Literacy	100	13	87	All 13 received scores of N/A
Integrative Thinking	100	10	90	9 received all scores of N/A and one was not uploaded correctly.
Metacognitive Thinking	100	20	80	19 received all scores of N/A and one was not able to be opened.
Total	300	43	257	

Revised Information Literacy MU Rubric

Information Literacy: Students will employ appropriate research tools, integrate relevant information from reliable sources, question and evaluate information and its sources, and cite sources in an academic manner.

Traits: Performance Indicators/Performance Levels	Level 0 (N/A)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Relevance of Sources: Employs appropriate research tools (i.e. sources).	Cannot assess due to issues with the assignment and/or the artifact.	Uses questionable sources or no sources at all.	Uses a combination of reliable and questionable sources.	Uses mostly reliable sources or does not reflect the depth required by the artifact.	Uses reliable sources that are adequate to the depth required by the artifact.
Integration of Information: Integrates relevant information from reliable sources. Assumptions and Biases: Questions and evaluates information and its sources.	Cannot assess due to issues with the assignment and/or the artifact. Cannot assess due to issues with the assignment and/or the artifact.	Fails to integrate information (disorganized presentation). Reports information at face value.	Inappropriate integration of information (inappropriate sequential presentation, e.g. one source at a time). Shows some evidence of appropriately questioning assumptions and biases of sources.	Some integration of information relevant to the type of artifact (mix of appropriate and inappropriate presentation). Shows evidence of appropriately questioning multiple assumptions and biases of sources.	Appropriately integrates information relevant to the type of artifact. Analyzes assumptions and biases and evaluates the relevance of contexts as described in sources.
Citation: Cites sources in an academic manner.	Cannot assess due to issues with the assignment and/or the artifact.	Inappropriate use of paraphrasing, quotes, and/or citations.	Inconsistent use of paraphrasing, quotes, and/or citations.	Acceptable use of paraphrasing, quotes, and/or citations.	Correct use of paraphrasing, quotes, and citations using the style manual of the discipline (as appropriate).

Revised Integrative Thinking MU Rubric

Integrative Thinking: Students will make connections and transfer skills and learning among varied disciplines, domains of thinking, experiences, and situations.

Traits: Performance	Level 0 (N/A)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Indicators/Performance					
Levels					
Connections among	Cannot assess due	Connects in a	Connects in an	Connects in a	Creates wholes out of
Disciplines: Connects	to issues with the	rudimentary	emerging manner.	thorough manner.	multiple parts
examples, facts, or	assignment	manner.			(synthesizes) or draws
theories from more than	and/or the				conclusions.
one discipline.	artifact.				
Relation among Domains	Cannot assess due	Connects in a	Connects in an	Connects in a	Creates wholes out of
of Thinking: Connects	to issues with the	rudimentary	emerging manner.	thorough manner.	multiple parts
examples, facts, or	assignment	manner.			(synthesizes) or draws
theories from more than	and/or the				conclusions.
one of Marshall's	artifact.				
Domains of Thinking.					
Transfer: Adapts and	Cannot assess due	Adapts or applies in	Adapts or applies in	Adapts and applies	Adapts and applies in
applies skills, abilities,	to issues with the	a rudimentary	an emerging	in a thorough	an original or complex
theories, or	assignment	manner.	manner.	manner.	manner.
methodologies gained in	and/or the				
one situation and/or	artifact.				
discipline to other					
situations and/or other					
disciplines.					
Connections to	Cannot assess due	Connects in a	Connects in an	Connects in a	Creates wholes out of
Experience: Connects	to issues with the	rudimentary	emerging manner.	thorough manner.	multiple parts
relevant experience and	assignment	manner.			(synthesizes) or draws
academic knowledge.	and/or the				conclusions.
	artifact.				

Revised Metacognitive MU Rubric

Metacognitive Thinking: Students will evaluate the effectiveness of a project plan or strategy to determine their improvement in knowledge and skills. Traits: Performance Level 0 (N/A) Level 1 Level 3 Level 2 Level 4 Indicators/Performance Levels Evaluation: Evaluation: Clearly Evaluation: Evaluation: Project Management: Cannot assess Evaluates the due to issues Superficial (If merely identifies strengths and Clearly identifies Clearly identifies . . effectiveness of a project with the weaknesses. reporting) strengths and strengths and plan or strategy. assignment weaknesses. weaknesses. and/or the Evidence of Evidence of . . artifact. continual reflection continual reflection or improvement. or improvement. Proposes an Proposes an ٠ . improvement plan improvement plan that is general in that is detailed. nature. Self-evaluation: Cannot assess Reflects: In a Reflects: Reflects: Reflects: Evaluates improvement due to issues superficial manner (If With some depth ٠ In depth In depth in knowledge and skills. with the merely reporting) Without evidence Evidence of Evidence of ٠ ٠ ٠ assignment of continual continual reflection continual reflection and/or the reflection or or improvement. or improvement. artifact. improvement. Acknowledges Evaluates specific ٠ ٠ general changes in changes in perspectives perspectives regarding his/her regarding his/her own learning. own learning.

Mean Scores on a scale of 1 - 4, with 4 being the highest possible score

(Although there were 87 artifacts in the analysis, not all artifacts aligned to every trait)

Overall Analysis



Frequency Analysis

Number of artifacts (with usable scores) scoring at each performance level

Trait/ Performance Level	Relevance of Sources	Integration of Information	Assumptions and Biases	Citation	Total
1.0	5 (6%)	5 (6%)	40 (60%)	16 (19%)	66 (21%)
1.5 – 2.0	13 (16%)	17 (22%)	17 (25%)	24 (28%)	71 (23%)
2.5 - 3.0	30 (37%)	35 (45%)	9 (13%)	33 (38%)	107 (34%)
3.5 - 4.0	34 (41%)	20 (26%)	1 (1%)	13 (15%)	68 (22%)
Total Traits with Usable Scores	82 (100%)	77 (100%)	67 (100%)	86 (100%)	312 (100%)

Frequency Analysis



Mean Scores on a scale of 1 - 4, with 4 being the highest possible score The course mean difference for *relevance* was significant. All others were not.

Course Level Analysis



Frequency Analysis by Course Level

Number of artifacts (with usable scores) scoring at each performance level

Course Level	Trait/ Performance Level	Relevance of Sources	Integration of Information	Assumptions and Biases	Citation	Total
100/200	1.0	5 (7%)	5 (8%)	35 (61%)	16 (23%)	61 (24%)
300/400	1.0	0	0	5 (50%)	0	5 (9%)
100/200	15 20	13 (19%)	15 (23%)	13 (23%)	19 (27%)	60 (23%)
300/400	1.5 – 2.0	0	2 (15%)	4 (40%)	5 (33%)	11 (21%)
100/200	2.5 – 3.0	25 (37%)	30 (47%)	8 (14%)	27 (38%)	90 (35%)
300/400		5 (33%)	5 (38%)	1 (10%)	6 (40%)	17 (32%)
100/200		24 (36%)	14 (22%)	1 (2%)	9 (13%)	48 (19%)
300/400	3.5 – 4.0	10 (67%)	6 (46%)	0	4 (27%)	20 (38%)
100/200	Total Tags with Usable Scores	67 (100%)	64 (100%)	57 (100%)	71 (100%)	259 (100%)
300/400		15 (100%)	13 (100%)	10 (100%)	15 (100%)	53 (100%)
All Course Levels	Grand Totals	82	77	67	86	312

Frequency Analysis by Course Level

Relevance of Sources

Integration of Information





Frequency Analysis by Course Level

Assumptions and Biases

Citation



Inter-Rater Agreement Results

Trait/ Performance Level	Relevance of Sources Kappa Liberal = .627	Information Biases		Citation Kappa Liberal = .582	
	Kappa Liberar – .027	Kappa Liberal = .578	Kappa Liberal = .574		
Agree on score	31	25	38	30	
Difference = 1 point	30	32	11	26	
Difference = 2 points	14	6	9	17	
Difference = 3 points	1	3	2	2	
Agree on Not Aligned	7	7	22	8	
Score + Not Aligned	17	27	18	17	
Total	100	100	100	100	
Mean Scores on a scale of 1 - 4, with 4 being the highest possible score.

(Although there were 90 artifacts in the analysis, not all artifacts aligned to every trait)

Overall Analysis



Number of artifacts (with usable scores) scoring at each performance level

Trait/ Performance Level	Connections among Disciplines	Relation among Domains of Thinking	Transfer	Connections to Experience	Total
1.0	18 (23%)	13 (16%)	9 (13%)	12 (14%)	52 (17%)
1.5 – 2.0	39 (50%)	49 (62%)	38 (54%)	44 (51%)	170 (54%)
2.5 - 3.0	18 (23%)	17 (22%)	18 (25%)	25 (29%)	78 (25%)
3.5 – 4.0	3 (4%)	0	6 (8%)	5 (6%)	14 (4%)
Totals	78 (100%)	79 (100%)	71 (100%)	86 (100%)	314 (100%)

Frequency Analysis



Integrative Thinking: Course Level Analysis

Mean Scores on a scale of 1 - 4, with 4 being the highest possible score There were no significant mean differences based on course level for any trait.

Course Level Analysis



Frequency Analysis by Course Level

Number of artifacts (with usable scores) scoring at each performance level

Course Level	Trait/ Performance Level	Connections among Disciplines	Relation among Domains of Thinking	Transfer	Connections to Experience	Total
100/200	1.0	16 (25%)	12 (18%)	7 (12%)	11 (15%)	46 (18%)
300/400	1.0	2 (14%)	1 (7%)	2 (14%)	1 (7%)	6 (11%)
100/200	15 20	33 (52%)	41 (63%)	34 (60%)	37 (51%)	145 (56%)
300/400	1.5 – 2.0	6 (43%)	8 (57%)	4 (29%)	7 (50%)	25 (45%)
100/200	2.5 - 3.0	13 (20%)	12 (18%)	14 (25%)	20 (28%)	59 (23%)
300/400		5 (36%)	5 (36%)	4 (29%)	5 (36%)	19 (34%)
100/200		2 (3%)	0	2 (4%)	4 (6%)	8 (3%)
300/400	3.5 – 4.0	1 (7%)	0	4 (29%)	1 (7%)	6 (11%)
100/200	Total Traits with Usable Scores	64 (100%)	65 (100%)	57 (100%)	72 (100%)	258 (100%)
300/400		14 (100%)	14 (100%)	14 (100%)	14 (100%)	56 (100%)
All Course Levels	Grand Totals	78	79	71	86	314

Frequency Analysis by Course Level







Frequency Analysis by Course Level

Transfer



Connections to Experience



Inter-Rater Agreement Results

Trait/ Performance Level	Connections among Disciplines	Relation among Domains of Thinking	Transfer Kappa Liberal = .430	Connections to Experience
	Kappa Liberal = .535	Kappa Liberal = .425		Kappa Liberal = . 544
Agree on score	20	16	13	20
Difference = 1 point	24	26	25	32
Difference = 2 points	7	13	14	13
Difference = 3 points	2	1	0	2
Agree on Not Aligned	14	10	14	9
Score + Not Aligned	29	33	33	23
Total	99	99	99	99

Mean Scores on a scale of 1 - 4, with 4 being the highest possible score

(Although there were 80 artifacts in the analysis, not all artifacts aligned to every trait)

Overall Analysis

■ Project; n = 63 ■ Self; n = 78



Number of artifacts (with usable scores) scoring at each performance level

Trait/ Performance Level	Project Management	Self-Evaluation	Total
1.0	20 (32%)	17 (22%)	37 (26%)
1.5 – 2.0	23 (37%)	27 (35%)	50 (36%)
2.5 - 3.0	17 (27%)	28 (36%)	45 (32%)
3.5 - 4.0	3 (5%)	6 (8%)	9 (6%)
Totals	63 (100%)	78 (100%)	141 (100%)

Frequency Analysis



Mean Scores on a scale of 1 - 4, with 4 being the highest possible score Respondents from 300/400 level courses scored significantly higher than those from 100/200 level courses on *project management*.

Course Level Analysis



Frequency Analysis by Course Level

Number of artifacts (with usable scores) scoring at each performance level

Course Level	Trait/ Performance Level	Project Management	Self-Evaluation	Total
100/200	1.0	15 (44%)	14 (29%)	29 (35%)
300/400		5 (17%)	3 (10%)	8 (14%)
100/200	45 00	14 (41%)	17 (35%)	31 (37%)
300/400	1.5 – 2.0	9 (31%)	10 (35%)	19 (33%)
100/200	2.5 - 3.0	4 (12%)	16 (33%)	20 (24%)
300/400		13 (45%)	12 (41%)	25 (43%)
100/200		1 (3%)	2 (4%)	3 (4%)
300/400	3.5 – 4.0	2 (7%)	4 (14%)	6 (10%)
100/200	Total Traits with	34 (100%)	49 (100%)	83 (100%)
300/400	Usable Scores	29 (100%)	29 (100%)	58 (100%)
All Course Levels	Grand Totals	63	78	141

Frequency Analysis by Course Level

Project Management

Self-Evaluation



Inter-Rater Agreement Results

Trait/ Performance Level	Project Management	Self-Evaluation
	Kappa Liberal = .575	Kappa Liberal = .734
Agree on score	23	34
Difference = 1 point	17	26
Difference = 2 points	7	10
Difference = 3 points	1	0
Agree on Not Aligned	27	17
Score + Not Aligned	24	12
Total	99	99



Course Type Analysis

CT Courses

Mean Scores on a scale of 1 - 4, with 4 being the highest possible score. All CT courses are 100/200 Level. Some artifacts were from courses that, in addition to being CT, also were Core II and Writing Intensive.



CT Courses

Mean Scores on a scale of 1 - 4, with 4 being the highest possible score. Mean Scores on a scale of 1 - 4, with 4 being the highest possible score. All CT courses are 100/200 Level. Some artifacts were from courses that, in addition to being CT, also were Core II, and/or writing intensive.

Metacognitive Thinking

Project; n = 7 Self; n = 18



Core II Courses

Mean Scores on a scale of 1 - 4, with 4 being the highest possible score. All Core II courses are 100/200 Level. Some artifacts were from courses that, in addition to being Core II, also were CT and/or Writing Intensive.



Core II Courses

Mean Scores on a scale of 1 - 4, with 4 being the highest possible score. All Core II courses are 100/200 Level. Some artifacts were from courses that, in addition to being Core II, also were CT, and/or writing intensive.

Metacognitive Thinking



Writing Intensive Courses

Mean Scores on a scale of 1 - 4, with 4 being the highest possible score. Some artifacts were from courses that, in addition to being WI, also were CT, Core II, and/or capstone.



Writing Intensive Courses

Mean Scores on a scale of 1 - 4, with 4 being the highest possible score. Mean Scores on a scale of 1 - 4, with 4 being the highest possible score. Some artifacts were from courses that, in addition to being WI, also were, CT, Core II, and/or capstone.

Metacognitive Thinking



Writing Intensive Courses: Course Level Comparisons

Mean Scores on a scale of 1 - 4, with 4 being the highest possible score. Mean Scores on a scale of 1 - 4, with 4 being the highest possible score. Some artifacts were from courses that, in addition to being WI, also were CT, Core II, and/or capstone. Note: There were only two artifacts aligned to any of the traits of *Integrative Thinking*. Therefore, we did not conduct a course-level analysis for WI courses aligned to this outcome.

Information Literacy





Writing Intensive Courses: Course Level Comparisons

Mean Scores on a scale of 1 - 4, with 4 being the highest possible score Mean Scores on a scale of 1 - 4, with 4 being the highest possible score. Some artifacts were from courses that, in addition to being WI, CT, Core II, and/or capstone. Note: There were only four artifacts aligned to Project Management at the 100/200 level; therefore we did not include this trait in the course level comparisons.

Metacognitive Thinking



Self; n = 14, 18

Capstone Courses

Mean Scores on a scale of 1 - 4, with 4 being the highest possible score. Some artifacts were from courses that, in addition to being Capstone, also were Writing Intensive

Note: There were no capstone courses in our sample that aligned to Integrative Thinking and only three that aligned to Information Literacy.

Metacognitive Thinking



First Year Seminar (FYS) in Critical Thinking

Mean Scores on a scale of 1 - 4, with 4 being the highest possible score.



First Year Seminar (FYS) in Critical Thinking

Mean Scores on a scale of 1 - 4, with 4 being the highest possible score.

Metacognitive Thinking



Reference

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