

# Analysis of Artifacts from Marshall's Senior Capstone Courses

**Academic Year 2022 – 2023** 

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#### **Executive Summary**

#### Recommendations from the 2022 Summer Assessment Team

The Sumer Assessment Team made the following recommendations:

- 1. That we determine, in the context of the Baccalaureate Degree Profile <u>and</u> with the goal of comparing performance of Marshall's seniors to a national norm, that we consider the minimally important outcomes (and associated rubric traits) that instructors should use when designing capstone experiences for seniors. Although we realize and respect disciplinary differences in emphasis, we suggest that these experiences also should extend the work begun in First Year Seminar in Critical Thinking and, at minimum, should address critical thinking and communication skills. Analyzing the alignment of degree program outcomes to those of Marshall's Baccalaureate Degree Profile would be a good first step for this recommendation. This continues to be an ongoing discussion.
- 2. Remind each program to work with the Online Design Center to align capstone projects in Blackboard to make them available for the Summer Assessment Team's sample. We need more work here, but there were a few new artifacts uploaded for this year's assessment.

#### **Background**

In June 2017 the Assessment Team conducted a pilot assessment in which they scored a small sample of capstone project artifacts using the American Association of Colleges and Universities' (AAC&U's) *Critical Thinking* and *Written Communication* Value rubrics. Given the difficulty we have experienced over the years in drawing representative samples of seniors to complete either the *Collegiate Learning Assessment (CLA+)* or Marshall's Senior Assessment, we recommended that staff from the Office of Assessment and Quality Initiatives encourage degree programs' capstone instructors to align their capstone assignments to the "Capstone Critical Thinking" outcome in Blackboard and to require students to submit their final projects using Blackboard's assignment module. We recommended that

these discussions be incorporated into larger discussions regarding the process of creating assignments in Blackboard and aligning them to appropriate outcomes of Marshall's Baccalaureate Degree Profile (BDP). We felt that this had the potential to allow us to evaluate a truly random sample of artifacts from multiple degree programs and to apply validated rubrics to assess work that students complete as part of their degree programs. Staff from the Office of Assessment and Quality Initiatives and the Online Design Center met with chairs and deans in most of Marshall's academic colleges during academic year 2017-2018 to ask that they encourage capstone instructors to follow the instructions outlined above. This year marks our sixth summer (since the initial pilot project) to assess senior capstone projects. The number of usable senior capstone artifacts submitted during academic year 2022-2023 was 197 from twelve academic disciplines. From these, we sampled 154 artifacts for assessment. These artifacts came from disciplines within the Colleges of Liberal Arts, Business, Engineering & Computer Sciences, Health Professions, Science, and Arts and Media.

#### **Procedures for 2023 Assessment**

#### **General Procedures**

Eight faculty representing the Colleges of Business, Liberal Arts, and Science served as the assessment team for this project. They evaluated each capstone artifact using a rubric to evaluate *Critical Thinking* that was modified from AAC&U's *Critical Thinking* and *Inquiry and Analysis* value rubrics (please refer to supporting documentation at the end of this report to view the resulting rubric). We used AAC&U's *Written Communication* Value rubric or evaluate students' writing skills. This project was coordinated by the Office of Assessment and Quality Initiatives.

#### **Scoring Procedures**

Evaluators assessed each artifact using the following scale:

	Scoring Codes						
1	The artifact demonstrated Level 1 performance.						
2	The artifact demonstrated Level 2 performance.						
3	The artifact demonstrated Level 3 performance.						
4	The artifact demonstrated Level 4 performance.						

Please see the supporting information that follows this summary for a detailed explanation of scoring procedures.

#### General Information about the Sample

Of the 154 artifacts in our sample, one was found to be corrupted, i.e., reviewers were not able to access it. This resulted in a sample of 153 scorable artifacts. Of these, 23 were from the Lewis College of Business, 26 from the College of Health Professions, 39 from the College of Liberal Arts, 63 from the College of Science, 1 from the College of Engineering & Computer Sciences, and 1 from the College of Arts and Media. One capstone assignment did not require students to complete work that aligned with the last two traits of the *Critical Thinking* rubric (student's position OR design process and analysis and conclusions and related outcomes OR conclusions), leaving 127 artifacts aligning to those traits.

#### **Results and Analysis**

One challenge in reporting results of the capstone assessment is that, although we assessed 153 artifacts for *Critical Thinking* and for *Written Communication*, we scored each artifact for four traits of *Critical Thinking* and five traits of *Written Communication*. This process had the potential of resulting in a total of 612 total trait scores for *Critical Thinking* and 765 for *Written Communication*. The chart below provides the total **scorable** traits for each outcome, along with mean scores, standard deviations, and frequency counts.

Outcome	Trait (AAC&U	<b>Total Traits</b>	Mean Score	Number of	Number of
	adapted rubric	Aligned	(SD)	Students	Students
	[CT] and rubric [WC])			Scoring 2.5 – 4	Scoring 3.5 – 4
			2 - 2 (2 - 1)	100 (000)	77 (4 474)
Critical Thinking	Issues/Topic	153	2.78 (0.54)	128 (83%)	22 (14%)
	Evidence/ Existing Knowledge	153	2.57 (0.59)	112 (73%)	17 (11%)
	Position/ Analysis	127	2.67 (0.60)	102 (80%)	18 (14%)
	Conclusions	127	2.62 (0.58)	96 (76%)	15 (12%)
Total for Critical Thinking		560			
Written	Context/	153	2.92 (0.48)	139 (91%)	32 (21%)
Communication	Purpose	133	2.92 (0.48)	139 (91%)	32 (21%)
	Content	153	2.76 (0.61)	126 (82%)	35 (23%)
	Genre	153	2.82 (0.57)	129 (84%)	31 (20%)
	Evidence	153	2.74 (0.55)	132 (86%)	23 (15%)
	Syntax/ Mechanics	153	2.81 (0.50)	139 (91%)	20 (13%)
Total for Written		765			
Communication					

A series of paired-samples *t-tests* were used to determine whether there were significant differences among trait means for each outcome. We used Bonferroni adjusted alpha levels of .005 (for Written Communication) and .008 (for Critical Thinking) to control for Type 1 error. These analyses showed the following results:

*Critical Thinking*: Pairwise comparisons showed that the mean for <u>explanation of issues OR topic selection</u> was significantly higher than the mean for all other traits. There were no significant differences between any other pairs of means.

Written Communication: The mean score for context and purpose of writing was significantly higher than those for content development and sources and evidence. There were no significant differences between any other pairs of means.

Frequency counts showed that the percentage of students scoring between 3.5 and 4.0 on each trait of the *Critical Thinking* rubric ranged from 11% (evidence OR existing knowledge) to 14% (explanation of

<u>issues</u> OR <u>topic selection</u> and <u>student's position</u> OR <u>design process and analysis</u>). Receiving a score in this range indicates that at least one reviewer gave the trait a score of "4," the highest score possible on the rubric used. The percentage of students scoring between 2.5 and 4.0 ranged from 73% (<u>evidence</u> OR <u>existing knowledge</u>) to 82% (<u>explanation of issues</u> OR <u>topic selection</u>). In this range, the artifacts that did not appear in the 3.5-4.0 range would have received at least one score of "3," which is generally considered an acceptable score for senior level work. Fewer than a quarter of the artifacts scored below this range.

Frequency counts showed that the percentage of students scoring between 3.5 and 4.0 on each trait of the *Written Communication* rubric ranged from 13% (<u>syntax/mechanics</u>) to 23% (<u>content development</u>). The percentage of students scoring between 2.5 and 4.0 ranged from 82% (<u>content development</u>) to 91% (<u>context and purpose for writing and syntax/mechanics</u>). Only between nine and 18% of students scored below this range on any trait.

#### **Conclusion**

Across all traits of *Critical Thinking*, on average 78% (as compared to 87% in spring 2022 and 72% in spring 2021) of students scored in the range of 2.5 to 4.0. Although there is room for improvement, we emphasize that scoring in this range indicates that at least one reviewer rendered scores of either "3" or "4." The consensus of the reviewers was that they considered a score of "3" to be perfectly acceptable for seniors, with a score of "4" reserved for truly outstanding work. The latter score (4) was given by at least one reviewer to approximately 13% of our sample, which was down from 25% in 2022. We note that our results suggest that <u>explanation of issues</u> OR <u>topic selection</u> is a significant strength within the *Critical Thinking* outcome.

As has been the pattern over the years, students continued to have slightly higher scores on the traits of *Written Communication* than on those of *Critical Thinking*, with 91% of students scoring 2.5 or higher on <u>syntax/mechanics</u> and <u>context and purpose for writing</u>. These findings were consistent with our findings from 2022.

#### Recommendations from the 2023 Summer Assessment Team

The Sumer Assessment Team made the following recommendations:

1. There was discussion regarding whether there is any university mandate that senior capstone projects must address *Critical Thinking* and the consensus was that there is not. This assessment evolved because of Marshall's history of emphasizing critical thinking as the centerpiece of the Core Curriculum (approved in 2010 and updated in 2013). It also was implemented to extend the work the university had been doing to emphasize critical thinking by assessing it upon matriculation, as part of First Year Seminar in Critical Thinking, and with a special Critical Thinking Senior Assessment, more authentic for seniors. In other words, rather than ask all seniors to take a special critical thinking assessment (which we found nearly impossible to do), we felt that using a nationally normed *Critical Thinking* rubric to assess authentic work done in the major at the senior level would be more meaningful. After much discussion, the summer assessment team felt that a better approach would be to ask faculty to align senior-level work completed in the students' majors to appropriate Marshall University Baccalaureate Degree Profile (BDP) outcomes. They would continue to make these alignments in Blackboard. Since we would like them to align as many projects as

- possible to as many BDP outcomes as possible, the alignments could include all appropriate senior level assignments.
- 2. To expedite the process mentioned above the Assessment Office will begin downloading and compiling all alignments programs have made between their program's student learning outcomes and the traits of each of the university's nine BDP outcomes. We note that, in the latter instance, each trait is worded as a student learning outcome. This process will enable us to examine more closely a) which programs have made these alignments and, 2) for those programs that have, to which outcomes/traits their program student learning outcomes most commonly align. This analysis will help to inform both our outreach to the programs concerning specific alignments we will ask them to make in Blackboard and changes the university might consider in its comprehensive review of the Core Curriculum, slated to be initiated in academic year 2023-2024.



# **Supporting Documentation**



# Capstone Artifact Assessment

**Academic Year 2022 - 2023** 

### **Outcomes Assessed: Modified AAC&U Rubrics**

Outcome	Abbreviation	Traits	Abbreviations
Critical Thinking or Inquiry and Analysis	СТ	Explanation of Issues OR Topic Selection	Issues
		Evidence OR Existing Knowledge	Evidence
		Student's Position OR Design Process and Analysis	Position
		Conclusions and Related Outcomes/Conclusions	Conclusions
Written Communication	WC	Context and Purpose of Writing	Context/Purpose
		Content Development	Content
		Genre and Disciplinary Conventions	Genre
		Sources and Evidence	Evidence
		Control of Syntax and Mechanics	Syntax/Mechanics

### **Review Procedures**

- Each artifact had two independent raters and usable scores on the 1 – 4 scale were determined in the following manner:
  - If raters assigned the same score, that became the score for the artifact.
  - If raters' scores differed by one point, e.g., Rater 1 assigned a score of 1 and Rater 2 a score of 2, the final score was the mean, i.e., 1.5.
  - If raters' scores differed by more than one point, e.g., Rater 1 assigned a score of 1 and Rater 2 a score of 3, the raters met to discuss the rationale for their scores to see if they could agree on a score or, at minimum, scores that differed by no more than one point.
  - If raters' scores differed by more than one point and, after discussion, they were not able to resolve the differences, a third rater was assigned to review the artifact.
  - A third reader was used for two artifacts in this sample.

Rules for arriving at final scores when there are three raters: these rules were followed for all assessments conducted.

- If the third rater's score agreed with one of the first two, the score with the two agreements was used.
- If the first two raters' scores were two points apart, e.g., 1 and 3 and the third rater's score was in the middle, e.g., 2, the third rater's score was used.
- If the first two raters' scores were two points apart, e.g., 1 and 3, and the third rater's scores was a "4", the two scores closer together were averaged, e.g., 3.5.
- If the first two raters' scores were three points apart, e.g., 1 and 4, the third rater's score was averaged with the closest other rater; e.g., if the third rater's score was 3, the final score was 3.5; if the third rater's score was 2, the final score was 1.5.

# Interrater Reliability

- We conducted interrater reliability analyses using the Cohen's Kappa statistical procedure. In so doing, we used the following rules, similar to those suggested Stellmack, Kohneim-Kalkstein, Manor, Massey, & Schmitz (2009):
  - Since our scoring procedure was to average final scores between two raters when scores differed by only one point, we used that averaged score (e.g., 1.5) as the score for both raters, counting it as an agreement in the interrater reliability analysis.
  - For scores that were two or more points apart, the original score of each reviewer was used in the analysis. Therefore, these scores were counted as disagreements.

# **Critical Thinking Rubric**

### Modified from AAC&U Critical Thinking and Inquiry and Analysis Value Rubrics (Page 1)

This rubric was created using the Association of American Colleges and Universities (AAC&U) Critical Thinking VALUE Rubric. Retrieved from <a href="https://www.aacu.org/value-rubrics">https://www.aacu.org/value-rubrics</a>

AAC&U Value Rubrics (Critical Thinking and Inquiry/Analysis Combined

Traits	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Explanation of Issues OR Topic Selection	Issue/problem to be considered critically is stated without clarification or	Issue/problem to be considered critically is stated, but description leaves some	Issue/problem to be considered critically is stated, described, and clarified so that	Issue/problem to be considered critically is stated clearly and described
	description.  OR  Identifies a topic that is far too general and wide-ranging as to be manageable and doable.	terms undefined, ambiguities unexplored, boundaries undetermined, and/or backgrounds unknown.  OR  Identifies a topic that, while manageable/doable, is too narrowly focused and leaves out relevant aspects of the topic.	understanding is not seriously impeded by omissions.  OR  Identifies a focused and manageable/doable topic that appropriately addresses relevant aspects of the topic.	comprehensively, delivering all relevant information necessary for full understanding.  OR Identifies a creative, focused, and manageable topic that addresses potentially significant yet previously lessexplored aspects of the topic.
Evidence (Selecting and using information to investigate a point of view or conclusion) OR Existing Knowledge, Research, and/or Views	Information is taken from sources without any interpretation/ evaluation. Viewpoints of experts are taken as fact, without question. OR Presents information from irrelevant sources representing limited points of view/approaches.	Information is taken from sources with some interpretation/ evaluation, but not enough to develop a coherent analysis of synthesis. Viewpoints of experts are taken as mostly fact, with little questioning.  OR  Presents information from relevant sources representing limited points of view/approaches.	Information is taken from sources with enough interpretation/ evaluation to develop a coherent analysis or synthesis. Viewpoints of experts are subject to questioning.  OR  Presents in-depth information from relevant sources representing various points of view/approaches.	Information is taken from sources with enough interpretation/ evaluation to develop a comprehensive analysis or synthesis. Viewpoints of experts are questioned thoroughly.  OR  Synthesizes in-depth information from relevant sources representing various points of view/approaches.
Student's Position (perspective, thesis/hypothesis) OR Design Process and Analysis	Specific position (perspective, thesis/hypothesis) is stated, but is simplistic and obvious.  OR  Inquiry design demonstrates a misunderstanding of the methodology or theoretical framework.  Lists evidence, but it is not organized and/or is unrelated to the focus.	Specific position (perspective, thesis/hypothesis) acknowledges different sides of an issue.  OR  Critical elements of the methodology or theoretical framework are missing, incorrectly developed, or unfocused.  Organizes evidence, but the organization is not effective in revealing	Specific position (perspective, thesis/hypothesis) takes into account the complexities of an issue. Others' points of view are acknowledged within position (perspective, thesis/hypothesis).  OR  Critical elements of the methodology or theoretical framework are appropriately developed; however, more subtle	Specific position (perspective, thesis/hypothesis) is imaginative, taking into account the complexities of an issue. Limits of position (perspective, thesis/hypothesis) are acknowledged. Others' points of view are synthesized within position (perspective, thesis/hypothesis).  OR  • All elements of the methodology or

# **Critical Thinking Rubric**

### Modified from AAC&U Critical Thinking and Inquiry and Analysis Value Rubrics (Page 2)

This rubric was created using the Association of American Colleges and Universities (AAC&U) Critical Thinking VALUE Rubric. Retrieved from <a href="https://www.aacu.org/value-rubrics">https://www.aacu.org/value-rubrics</a>

#### Page 2

Traits	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
		important patterns, differences, or similarities.	elements are ignored of unaccounted for.  • Organizes evidence to reveal important patterns, differences, or similarities related to focus.	theoretical framework are skillfully developed. Appropriate methodology or theoretical frameworks may be synthesized from across disciplines or from relevant subdisciplines.  Organizes and synthesizes evidence to reveal insightful patterns, differences, or similarities related to focus.
Conclusions and related outcomes (implications and consequences) OR Conclusions	Conclusion is inconsistently tied to some of the information discussed; related outcomes (consequences and implications) are oversimplified.  OR  States an ambiguous, illogical, or unsupportable conclusion from Inquiry findings.	Conclusion is logically tied to information (because information is chosen to fit the desired conclusion); some related outcomes (consequences and implications) are identified clearly.  OR  States a general conclusion that, because it is so general, also applies beyond the scope of the inquiry findings.	Conclusion is logically tied to a range of information, including opposing viewpoints; related outcomes (consequences and implications) are identified clearly.  OR  States a conclusion focused solely on the Inquiry findings.  The conclusion arises specifically from and responds specifically to the inquiry findings.	Conclusions and related outcomes (consequences and implications) are logical and reflect student's informed evaluation and ability to place evidence and perspectives discussed in priority order.  OR  States a conclusion that is a logical extrapolation from the inquiry findings.

### Written Communication AAC&U Value Rubric

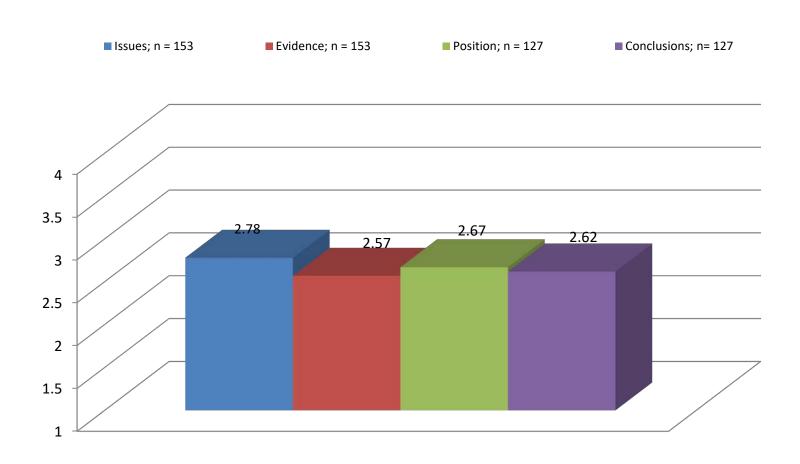
#### AAC & U Written Communication Value Rubric

Traits	N/A	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Context of and Purpose	Does not apply to this	Demonstrates minimal	Demonstrates awareness	Demonstrates adequate	Demonstrates a thorough
for Writing	assignment.	attention to context,	of context, audience,	consideration of context,	understanding of context,
Includes considerations of		audience, purpose, and to	purpose, and to the	audience, and purpose	audience, and purpose that
audience, purpose, and		the assigned tasks(s) (e.g.,	assigned tasks(s) (e.g.,	and a clear focus on the	is responsive to the assigned
the circumstances		expectation of instructor	begins to show awareness	assigned task(s) (e.g., the	task(s) and focuses all
surrounding the writing		or self as audience).	of audience's perceptions	task aligns with audience,	elements of the work.
task(s).			and assumptions).	purpose, and context).	
Content Development	Does not apply to this	Uses appropriate and	Uses appropriate and	Uses appropriate,	Uses appropriate, relevant,
	assignment.	relevant content to	relevant content to	relevant, and compelling	and compelling content to
		develop simple ideas in	develop and explore ideas	content to explore ideas	illustrate mastery of the
		some parts of the work.	through most of the	within the context of the	subject, conveying the
			work.	discipline and shape the	writer's understanding, and
				whole work.	shaping the whole work.
Genre and Disciplinary	Does not apply to this	Attempts to use a	Follows expectations	Demonstrates consistent	Demonstrates detailed
Conventions	assignment.	consistent system for	appropriate to a specific	use of important	attention to and successful
Formal and informal rules		basic organization and	discipline and/or writing	conventions particular to	execution of a wide range of
inherent in the		presentation.	task(s) for basic	a specific discipline	conventions particular to a
expectations for writing in			organization, content, and	and/or writing task(s),	specific discipline and/or
particular forms and/or			presentation	including organization,	writing task (s)
academic fields (please				content, presentation,	including organization,
see glossary).				and stylistic choices	content, presentation,
					formatting, and stylistic
					choices
Sources and Evidence	Does not apply to this	Demonstrates an attempt	Demonstrates an attempt	Demonstrates consistent	Demonstrates skillful use of
	assignment.	to use sources to support	to use credible and/or	use of credible, relevant	high-quality, credible,
		ideas in the writing.	relevant sources to	sources to support ideas	relevant sources to develop
			support ideas that are	that are situated within	ideas that are appropriate
			appropriate for the	the discipline and genre	for the discipline and genre
			discipline and genre of	of the writing.	of the writing
			the writing.		
Control of Syntax and	Does not apply to this	Uses language that	Uses language that	Uses straightforward	Uses graceful language that
Mechanics	assignment.	sometimes impedes	generally conveys	language that generally	skillfully communicates
		meaning because of	meaning to readers with	conveys meaning to	meaning to readers with
		errors in usage.	clarity, although writing	readers. The language in	clarity and fluency, and is
			may include some errors.	the portfolio has few	virtually error-free.
				errors.	

# **Critical Thinking: Overall Analysis**

Mean Scores on a scale of 1-4, with 4 being the highest possible score.

### **AAC&U Rubric**

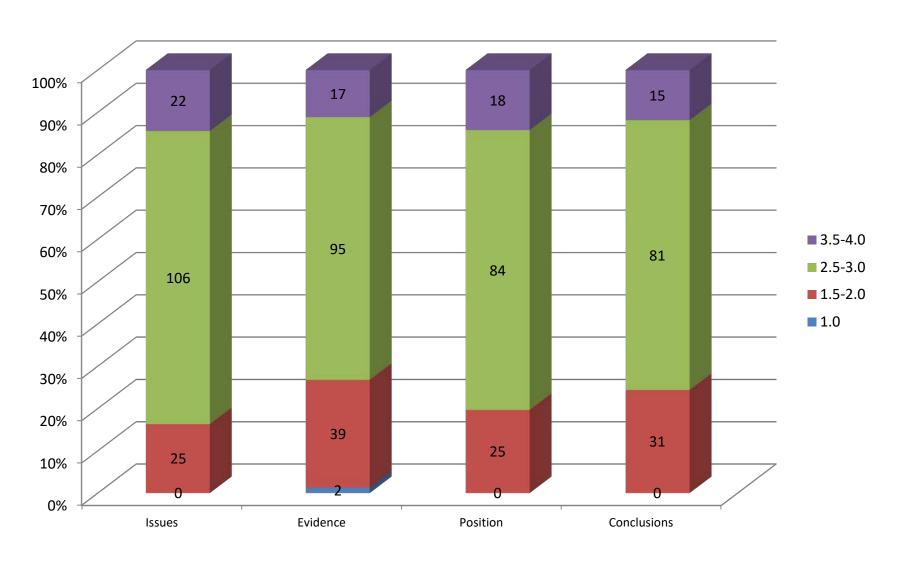


# **Critical Thinking**

### Number of artifacts scoring at each performance level

Trait/ Performance Level	Issues	Evidence	Position	Conclusions	Total
1.0	0	2 (1%)	0	0	2 (0%)
1.5 – 2.0	25 (16%)	39 (25%)	25 (20%)	31 (24%)	119 (21%)
2.5 – 3.0	106 (69%)	95 (62%)	84 (66%)	81 (64%)	367 (66%)
3.5 – 4.0	22 (14%)	17 (11%)	18 (14%)	15 (12%)	72 (13%)
Totals	153	153	127	127	560

# **Critical Thinking**



# **Critical Thinking**

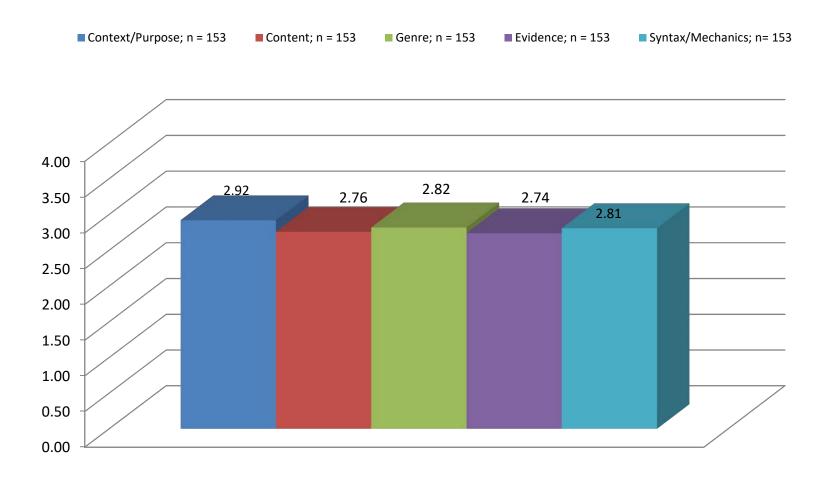
### Inter-Rater Agreement Results

Trait/ Performance Level	Issues Cohen's Kappa (Liberal) = .868	Evidence Cohen's Kappa (Liberal) = .923	Position Cohen's Kappa (Liberal) = .907	Conclusions Cohen's Kappa (Liberal) = .938
Agree on Score	83 (54%)	68 (44%)	53 (42%)	61 (48%)
Difference = 1 point	55 (36%)	76 (50%)	65 (51%)	60 (47%)
Difference = 2 points	14 (9%)	8 (5%)	9 (7%)	6 (5%)
Difference = 3 points	1 (1%)	1 (1%)	0	0
Total	153	153	127	127

# **Written Communication: Overall Analysis**

Mean Scores on a scale of 1 - 4, with 4 being the highest possible score.

### **AAC&U Rubric**

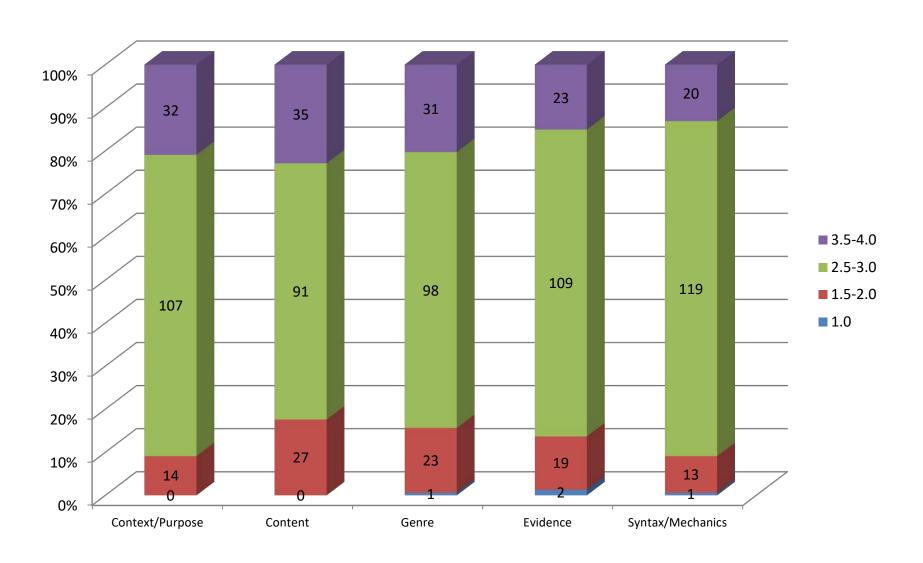


# Written Communication

Number of artifacts (with usable scores) scoring at each performance level

Trait/ Performance Level	Context/ Purpose	Content	Genre	Evidence	Syntax/ Mechanics	Total
1.0	0	0	1 (1%)	2 (1%)	1 (1%)	4 (1%)
1.5 – 2.0	14 (9%)	27 (18%)	23 (15%)	19 (12%)	13 (8%)	96 (13%)
2.5 – 3.0	107 (70%)	91 (59%)	98 (64%)	109 (71%)	119 (78%)	524 (68%)
3.5 – 4 .0	32 (21%)	35 (23%)	31 (20%)	23 (15%)	20 (13%)	141 (18%)
Totals	153	153	153	153	153	765

### Written Communication



### Written Communication

### Inter-Rater Agreement Results

Trait/ Performance Level	Context/Purpose  Cohen's Kappa (Liberal)  = .925	Content Cohen's Kappa (Liberal) = .892	Genre Cohen's Kappa (Liberal) = .921	Evidence Cohen's Kappa (Liberal) = .955	Syntax/Mechanics Cohen's Kappa (Liberal) = .980
Agree on Score	87 (57%)	57 (37%)	81 (53%)	72 (47%)	86 (56%)
Difference = 1 point	58 (38%)	83 (54%)	63 (41%)	76 (50%)	65 (42%)
Difference = 2 points	8 (5%)	10 (7%)	9 (6%)	5 (3%)	2 (1%)
Difference = 3 points	0	3 (2%)	0	0	0
Total	153	153	153	153	153

# References

Association of American Colleges and Universities (AAC&U). (2009). *Inquiry and analysis VALUE rubric.* Retrieved

from <a href="https://www.aacu.org/value/rubrics/critical-thinking">https://www.aacu.org/value/rubrics/critical-thinking</a>

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Stellmack, M.A., Kohneim-Kalkstein, Y. L, Manor, J. E., Massey, A. R., & Schmitz, J. A. P. (2009). An assessment of reliability and validity of a rubric for grading APA-style introductions. *Teaching of Psychology*, *36*, 102-107.