2013 Geohazards and ITGUAM Technical Forum

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PRIORITIZATION OF AGING ROCK SLOPES ON I-77



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PRIORITIZATION OF AGING ROCK SLOPES ON I-77

Corridor Challenges

I-77 Rock Slope Management Program



Geologic Evaluations

Preliminary Design

Slope Remediation

Conclusions and a Look Ahead







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I-77 Rock Slope Evaluations| Carroll County, VA



- High AADT
- Steep Grades
- Foggy Conditions
- Unfavorable Geology





I-77 CORRIDOR CHALLENGES: FOGGY CONDITIONS







VDOT CHALLENGE: PRIORITIZATION OF AGING SLOPES

- Where are the problematic slopes along 32 Lane Miles
- What are the primary causes of the rockfall activity?
- What are feasible options?
- What are the probable construction cost estimates?

- Study Challenges
 - Significant slope height and length variability
 - No Existing Slope Inventory
 - No Survey
 - Limited Budget



Rock Slope Management Program

PRIORITIZATION OF AGING ROCK SLOPES ON I-77

Corridor Challenges

I-77 Rock Slope Management Program



Rockfall Hazard Rating System





GEOLOGY

- Alligator Back Formation Proterozoic Z Cambrian
- Complexly Deformed With at Least 2 Periods of Ductile Deformation with Isoclinal Folding
- Well-Developed Cleavage Dominates
- Rock Types:
 - Biotite Gneiss (Metagraywacke)
 - □ Mica-Biotite Schist and Amphibolite

GEOLOGY



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Innovation Through Partnerships

Charlottesville, Virginia

June 2006 VTRC 06-R23



2012 RHRS STUDY FOR 77 – CUT SLOPE INVENTORY

- Initial Slope Inventory Using Plans and Aerial Photography
- Develop Sequential List of Cut Slopes in Each Lane Direction from South to North
- Field Verification of Cut Slopes Based on Preliminary RHRS Classes A, B, and C
 - Some Slopes Eliminated from Further Consideration and Rating
- Field Location of Class A, B, and C Slopes Using Hand-held Garmin and MP Designations

- What is a Class A, B, or C Slope?
 - Class A High Potential for Rockfall on Roadway
 - Class B Moderate Potential for Rockfall on Roadway
 - Class C Low Potential for Rockfall on Roadway (Class C Slopes Not Rated)
- Ultimately, Preliminary Class Designations are Subjective Based on Experience of Rater, But Provide a Means for Prioritizing Slopes!







TABLE 4.1: SUMMARY SHEET OF THE ROCKFALL HAZARD RATING SYSTEM

2012 RHRS STUDY FOR 77

INTERSTATE

- RHRS Key Rating Criteria:
 - Slope Height
 - Ditch Effectiveness
 - AVR Average Vehicle Risk
 - % Site Distance
 - Roadway Width
 - Geologic Characteristics
 - Block Size or Volume of Rockfall
 - Rockfall History (Historical and Observed)

01 80000V			RATING CRITERIA AND SCORE						
		CATEGORY	POINTS 3	POINTS 9	POIDTS 27	POINTS 81			
		SLOPE HEIGHT	25 FEET	50 FEET	75 FEET	100 FEET			
		DITCH	Good catchment	Good Noderate Limited catchment catchment catchment		No catchment			
	λ	VERAGE VEHICLE RISK	25} of the time	50% of the time	75% of the time	100% of the time			
		PERCENT OF DECISION SIGHT DISTANCE	Adequate sight distance, 100% of low design value	Noderate sight distance, 80% of low design value	Limited sight distance, 60% of low design value	Very limited sight distance 40% of low design value			
	I	roadway width NCLODING Paved Sboulders	44 feet	36 feet	28 feet	20 feet			
G B O L	C A S E	C STRUCTURAL S CONDITION E	Discontinuous joints, favorable orientation	Discontinuous joints, random orientation	Discontinuous joints, adverse orientation	Continuous joints, adverse orientation			
G I C	1	ROCE	Rough, Irregular	Ondulating	Planar	Clay infilling, or slictensided			
C H A R A	C A S B	STRUCTURAL CONDITION	Pew differential erosion features	Occasional differential erosion features	Kany differential erosion features	Najor differential erosion features			
T E R	2	DIPPERENCE IN EROSION RATES	Small difference	Moderate difference	Large difference	Extreme difference			
		BLOCK SISE	1 Poot	2 Feet	3 Feet	4 Fost			
	1	VOLUME OF ROCKPALL/EVENT	3 cubic yards	6 cubic yards	9 cubic yards	12 cubic yards			
		CLIMATE AND Presence Of Natur On Slope	Low to moderate precipitation; no freezing periods; no water on slope	Noderate precipitation or short freezing periods or internittent water on slope	High precipitation or long freezing periods or continual water on slope	High precipita- tion and long freezing periods or continual water on slope and long freezing periods			
	x	CRYALL HISTORY	Per falls	Occasional falls	Many falls	Constant falls			



Date: 5-18-12-	Rating: (A)/ B	Rater: L. ARTMON, PG.
County/City Alloce Start Latitu	ade <u>36.602539</u> Star	rt Longitude 80.7369/3
Ponte No. 7-77 Bad Laite	h at second to the	
Route No. <u><u> </u></u>	de <u>36,605796</u> En	d Longitude _ <u>XO. 736.340</u>
Nearest Inter. <u>Exit (56)</u> Start MP (est) <u>- 3=95</u> En	d MP (est)
ADT Speed Lim	it <u>65</u> Le	ft / (Right) Heading N S E (S-Sw)
Category	Remarks	Category Score
Slope Geometry	1999	Slope Geometry
Slope Height $\frac{100}{0_{/}}$ ft.	Slope Angle <u><u>//2</u>.1 7b H.I.</u>	Slope Height
Ditch Effectiveness G M (L) N	Ditch Width 10-15	Ditch Effect. 27
Average Vehicle Risk _/05 %	Section Length 12080	AVR /00
Sight Distance <u>420</u> ft. % Decision S.D. <u>40</u> %	Sign Present Yes / (No)	Sight Distance
Roadway Width 39 ft.		Roadway Width
Geologic Characteristics		Geologic Characteristics
Case 1		Case 1
Structural Condition $D \bigcirc / F R \textcircled{A}$		Struct. Cond
Rock Friction R I C-S		Rock Friction 27
Case 2		Case 2
Differential Erosion F O N M	N/A	Erosion Feat.
Rates S M L E	NA	Erosion Rates
Rockfall Characteristics		Rockfall Characteristics
Block Size/Volume >4 (fbr yd)	k.	Block Size 81
Rockfall History F O M C		Rockfall History81
Comments:		Total Score 565
* FREGROW LICEDER (PLANK FILLURES, 3 * POISED BLOCK (PLANK FILLURES, 3 * POISED BLOCK (PLANK), MAX 1 * Stolka (C. MANTE * Stolka (C. MANTE) * GELECT SIGNAL, INFERIMANT, MORE ON - GAR Manufall U-Underste R-Random A = Discontinuous C-Continuous F-Frances R-Random A	Towers Septements Lawrell Restructs Openad Awa Wentresitation Advance lickensided	<u>Р. Ретикс в А</u>



Slope Heights: 25 to > 250 ft

Slope Height (ft)	25	50	75	100
Category Score	3	9	27	81

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Date: <u>5-18-12-</u>	Rating: A/ B	Rater: L. ARTMAN, PG.
County/City Allow Start Latitud	de <u>36.602539</u> Sta	rt Longitude <u>80.7369/3</u>
Route No. <u><u> </u></u>	e <u>.36.605746</u> En	d Longitude _ <u>80.736340</u>
Nearest Inter. <u>Extr (S6)</u> Start MP (e	st) <u>- 2-95</u> En	d MP (est)
ADT _/6 000 (SE) Speed Limit	<u> 65 </u> Le	ft / (Right) Heading N S E $(5-5\omega)$
Category	Remarks	Category Score
Slope Geometry	rectini ka	Slope Geometry
Slope Height $\frac{1520}{0_1 0_1}$ ft.	Slope Angle 1/2.1	Slope HeightB1
Ditch Effectiveness C. M(T)N	Thirds Million and and	Dist Difference Series
Average Vehicle Risk /05 %	Section Length 12080	AVR /00
Sight Distance <u>420</u> ft. % Decision S.D. <u>40</u> %	Sign Present Yes / No	Sight Distance
Roadway Width 39 ft.		Roadway Width
Geologic Characteristics		Geologic Characteristics
Case 1		Case 1
Structural Condition D C/ F R (A)		Struct. Cond
Rock Friction R I C-S		Rock Friction 27
Case 2 Differential Erosion F O N M Features	NIA	Case 2 Erosion Feat.
Difference in Erosion Rates S M L E	+1/4	Erosion RatesO
Rockfall Characteristics		Rockfall Characteristics
Block Size/Volume ≥ 4 (fb) or yd ³		Block Size
Rockfall History F O M C		Rockfall History
Comments: E + Mass Realimic Observer ON SE SIDE,		Total Score _565
 File Obert 1-Cooper formula Salvares, J. POISED ELOORE Ford on Scotte, Mart L. Stephenic Martal. Stephenic Natural. Stephenic Velocitin at 1 Geologi Scotter: Littlewort, made Geol 	onurs Softwares Aural Fictroficto anas hog weiginesas,	P.Brown - A
i = Good M = Moderate L = Limited N = None > Discontinuous C = Continuous F = Favorable R = Random A : < Rough 1 = Hrenglar U = Undulating P = Planer C-3 = Clay-Sli = Few O = Occasional N = Numerous M = Major = Small M = Moderate 1 Larone E = Futures Small M = Moderate 1 Larone F = Futures	– Advense ekensided	Near angle / Far angle / Distance between (see back of sheet)



Average Vehicle Risk: AADT = 18,000 Slope Length = 1280 feet Typical AVR Score :81-100

Date: 5-18-12-	Rating: (A)/ B	Rater: L. ALTMAN, P.G.
County/City Start Latitu	de <u>36.602539</u> St	art Longitude <u>80.7369/3</u>
Route No. 7-77 End Latitud	10 36 605746 B	ad Longitude QA 172/ 24A
	205	
Nearest Inter. <u>EUT (S6)</u> Start MP (e	ist) <u>3073</u> E	nd MP (est)
ADT <u>B. mo (so)</u> Speed Limi	t <u>65</u> L	eft / Right Heading N S E V (S-SW)
Category	Remarks	Category Score
Slope Geometry	12	Slope Geometry
Slope Height $\frac{100}{0/0}$ ft.	Slope Angle 1/2:1 70 H.I.	Slope Height
Ditch Effectiveness G M (II) N	Ditch Width 10-15	Ditch Effect. 27
Average Vehicle Risk /05 %	Section Length 12090	AVR /00
Sight Distance <u>420</u> ft. % Decision S.D. <u>40</u> %	Sign Present Yes / No	Sight Distance
Roadway Width ft.		Roadway Width 6
Geologic Characteristics		Geologic Characteristics
Case I		Case 1
Structural Condition D C/ F R (A)		Struct. Cond. 81
Rock Friction R I C-S		Rock Friction 27
Case 2 Differential Erosion		Case 2
Features F O N M	N/A	Erosion Feat.
Difference in Erosion Rates S M L E	ula	Erosion Rates
Rockfall Characteristics		Rockfall Characteristics
Block Size/Volume >4 (Bdr yd ³		Block Size8/
Rockfall History F O M C		Rockfall History
Comments: • MOST REALTHER OBSERVED ON SE SIDE,		Total Score _565
 FEGADANT JUDGE (MUNIL DALURE, J. POSED BLOCKS (MUL ON DUTE, MAINT L. Station of Market. Station of MECENTRIAN, AND STATE (MULL) GENERAL SEGMENT DIFFERENCE, ADD. (MULL) 	днит серан тед мона сертовесь анда код андтересь	P. Kernul = A
= Good M = Moderate L = Limited N = None = Discontinuous C = Continuous F = Favorable R = Random A	= Adverse	*/*/* Near angle / Far angle / Distance between



% Decision Sight Distance: Worst Case: 420 ft
% Decision S. D. Score = 81



Date: 5-18-12	Rating: (A)/ B	Rater: L. ARTMAN, PS
County/City Start Latitud	de _36.602539 Sta	rt Longitude _ <u>80,7369</u> /
Poute No 7-77 End Latitud		d and the operation
Route Ho. <u></u> Isia Lautad	<u>.36.60) /76</u> En	a Longitude <u>80, 7363</u>
Nearest Inter. <u>Exer 1 (56)</u> Start MP (e	st) <u>3,e95</u> En	d MP (est)
ADTSood_(SE)_ Speed Limit	t <u>65</u> Le	ft / Right) Heading N S I (S-Sw)
Category	Remarks	Category Score
Slope Geometry		Slope Geometry
Slope Heightft.	Slope Angle 1/2.1	Slope Height
Ditch Effectiveness G M DN	Ditch Width 10-15	Ditch Effect. 27
Average Vehicle Risk _/05_%	Section Length 1208.0	AVR 100
Sight Distance <u>420</u> ft. % Decision S.D. <u>40</u> %	Sign Present Yes / No)	Sight Distance81
Roadway Width 39 ft.		Roadway Width 6
Geologic Characteristics		Geologic Characteristic
Case 1		Case 1
Structural Condition D C/ F R A		Struct. Cond
Rock Friction R I C-S		Rock Friction 2.7
Case 2		Case 2
Features FONM	N/A	Erosion Feat. 🖉
Difference in Erosion Rates S M L E	NIA	Erosion RatesO
Rockfall Characteristics		Rockfall Characteristics
Block Size/Volume > 4 (Bor yd ³)		Block Size 81
Rockfall History F O M C		Rockfall History
Comments:		Total Score 565
 FREE DELT INDUCT PERMAR FRICTERS. J. FREE DELT INDUCT PERMAR FRICTERS. J. SPOTADIC NATURA SPOTADIC NATURA SPOTADIC VECTORIAN. 	OWITS SEAMINES MUNCH FEATURS. WITCH AND WEATHER	



Continuous and Adverse Orientation



Slopes Showing Their Age

HR





- 64 Slopes Inventoried
- 28 Slopes High Hazard (RHRS Score >300)
- ▶ MP: 2.9 to 6.3
- RHRS Scores: 319 to 565
- How to prioritize beyond the RHRS Ratings?



- CUT SLOPE PRIORITIZATION LIST

Cut Slope Priority for Detail Evaluation	Cut Slope Designation	Begin MP	End MP	RHRS Detail Rating [2012]	Relevant Comments /Notes
1	8-SB	2.95	3.15	565	
2	14-SB	3.75	3.9	565	 Initial evaluation completed during I-77 Phase 1 Work (12/11/2011)
3	19b-SB	4.9	5	565	
9	23-SB	5.45	5.65	565	 Documented Rockfall History (Early 1990s) Existing Rockfall Barrier Fence
	10-NB(M)	3.6	3.9	560	 Documented Rockfall History (3/7/2011) Initial evaluation completed during I-77 Phase 1 Work (12/11/2011) Slope Remediation Completed (8/29/2012)
	13-SB	3.6	3.75	511	 Sister slope to 14-SB Initial evaluation completed during I-77 Phase 1 Work (12/11/2011)
2a	9-NB	3.7	3.85	506	 Initial evaluation completed during I-77 Phase 1 Work (12/11/2011)
4a	15d-NB(M)	5.05	5.15	506	Documented Rockfall History (4/29/2008)
5	21-NB(M)	5.4	5.65	506	
6	16-SB	4.45	4.65	487	
10	33 - SB	6.3	6.45	487	 Documented Rockfall History (12/25/1998) Existing Rockfall Barrier Fence
7	13-NB(M)	4.45	4.65	482	
8	14-NB	4.45	4.65	482	Documented Rockfall History (7/13/2011)
4b	15b-NB(M)	4.85	5	452	Documented Rockfall History (4/29/2008)
4c	15a-NB(M)	4.75	4.85	362	

- RHRS Rating >500
- Actively Producing Rockfall
- Maintenance Records/ Rockfall Clean-up

PRIORITIZATION OF AGING ROCK SLOPES ON I-77

Corridor Challenges

I-77 Rock Slope Management Program



Geologic Evaluations

Geologic Evaluations



GEOLOGIC EVALUATIONS

- 3 Priority Slopes
- ► 4,500 LF of Slope
- MP: 2.9 to 5.7
- ► Goal:
 - Feasible Options
 - Probable Construction Cost
 Estimates



TEAM APPROACH

Key Factors:

- Client Input (Throughout Project)
- Understanding of Geologic Conditions
- Site Constraints
- Slope Access/ Construction Feasibility
- Product Applicability



GEOLOGIC EVALUATIONS: STAGE 1 - ROAD LEVEL

Priority Slope Approach

- Establish Baseline
- Document Cut Slope Conditions
- Discontinuity Measurements
- Develop Slope Profiles for CRSP
- Identify Priority Slope Sections (AOI)
- Preliminary Kinematic Analysis



GEOLOGIC EVALUATIONS: STAGE 2 – ROPES ON THE SLOPE

AOI Investigation

- Geologic Investigation potential failure mode(s)
- Obscured slope sections
- Stabilization requirements and option feasibility
- Slope access





GEOLOGIC EVALUATIONS:



TECHNOLOGIES VS. SLOPE CONDITION

- Applicability
 - Maintain Existing Ditch
 - Scaling
 - Excavation
 - Rock Slope Drape
 - Attenuator Drape
 - Concrete Barrier
 - Flexible Rockfall Barrier
 - High Energy Barrier
 - Pinned Mesh
 - Rock Bolting



PRIORITIZATION OF AGING ROCK SLOPES ON I-77

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I-77 Rock Slope Management Program



Geologic Evaluations

Preliminary Design

Preliminary Design



PRELIMINARY DESIGN: CONSIDERATIONS FOR FEASIBLE OPTIONS

Subglobal Condition (Rockfall)

Height of Rockfall Generator

Maximum Bounce Height

Maximum Energy (kJ)

Slope Access/Site Constraints

Global Conditions (Planar, Wedge, Rock Mass)

Height of Block Generator

Slope Access/Site Constraints



FEASIBLE SUBGLOBAL OPTIONS FOR SLOPE CONDITIONS



HDR

SLOPE CONDITIONS: A, B AND C



FEASIBLE GLOBAL OPTIONS FOR SLOPE CONDITIONS





CLIENT INPUT: DRIVERS, IMPORTANCE FACTORS, & DRIVER RATING

1. Driver = Aspect or consideration of a feasible slope mitigation option during the selection process

2. Importance Factor = a weight assigned to each driver to determine relative importance amongst the drivers.

3. Driver Rating = relative assessment of each driver on a 1 to 5 scale

Driver	Importance Factor
Construction Cost	7
Effectiveness	10
Construction Complexity	6
Traffic Impacts	9
Aesthetics	3
Rockfall Maintenance	5
System Maintenance	8
Fog Impacts	7
Maintenance Experience	7
Environmental	3

SCORED RELATIVE ASSESSMENT AND OPTION SHORTLIST

Total Option Score = Σ (Importance Factor X Driver Rating)

Driver Rating = 1 to 5 scale

					Subglobal Condition C Options				
Driver	VDOT Importance Factor (Weight)	C2: Scaling	Total Scaling Score	C4: Rock Slope Drape with Ditch	Total Rock Slope Drape with Ditch Score	C5: Attenuator Drape with Ditch	Total Attenuator Drape with Ditch Score	C6: Flexible Rockfall Barrier	Total Flexible Rockfall Barrier Score
Effectiveness	10	3	30	5	50	5	50	5	50
Traffic Impacts	9	1	9	2	18	2	18	4	36
System Maintenance	8	5	40	1	8	1	8	3	24
Construction Cost	7	2	14	1	7	1	7	2	14
Fog Impacts	7	5	35	5	35	5	35	1	7
Maintenance Perception	7	1	7	5	35	5	35	4	28
Construction Complexity	6	2	12	2	12	1	6	3	18
Rockfall Maintenance	5	1	5	3	15	3	15	3	15
Aesthetics	3	5	15	1	3	1	3	1	3
Environmental Impacts	3	4	12	2	6	2	6	5	15
Total			179		189		183		210

PRELIMINARY DESIGN

- VDOT Design Requirements (MOI, 2012)
 - Rockfall Simulation:

TABLE 3-12 -ALLOWABLE PERCENTAGE OF CLASTS ENTERING THE TRAVEL LANE							
Alignment Type Critical Rock Slope Non-critical Rock Slope							
Interstate	0%	N/A					
Primary	0%	N/A					
High-Volume Secondary	<1%	5%					
Low-Volume Secondary	1%	5%					

I-77 Priority Rock Slopes = Critical Rock Slope

0% Design = Low Risk, but Higher \$



Developed by The Colorado School of Mines Department of Geology and Geological Engineering

Funded by The Colorado Department of Transportation

PRELIMINARY DESIGN: ROCKFALL PROBABILITY

- Significant Variation in Slope Height/Angle
- Varying Degrees of Vegetation
- Changes in Geology/Weathering Susceptibility
- Multiple Rockfall Generators
- Multiple Launch Features



PRELIMINARY DESIGN APPROACH

Design Criteria

 Help Bracket Cost vs Rockfall Risk based on Probability of Occurrence:

Design Criteria	Percentage of Rockfall Entering the Travel Lane (%)	Probability of Rockfall Being Retained (%)	Rockfall Generator Location	Probable Construction Cost
1 (per MOI)	0	99.9	Highest Possible	Higher
2	5	95	Most Likely	Lower



PRIORITIZATION OF AGING ROCK SLOPES ON I-77

Corridor Challenges

I-77 Rock Slope Management Program



Geologic Evaluations

Preliminary Design

Conclusions and a Look Ahead

Conclusions and A Look Ahead

CONCLUSIONS

- Establishes Baseline (RHRS), Risk Assessment
- Geologic Evaluation
 - Aids in Further Prioritization of High Hazard Slopes
 - Involves all key players for reasonable construction cost estimates
 - Supports emergency response remediation of slopes sections
- Design Approach
 - Client input is very important
 - Design criteria allows for a relative Cost vs Risk assessment



A LOOK AHEAD

- Currently Conducting Preliminary Design and Developing Probable Construction Costs for each slope
- VDOT plans to utilize these costs for budgeting purposes for future final design and slope remediation
- Development of Contract Bid Documents
- Contract Advertisements for slope remediation as funding becomes available







- Wade Pence, PG District Engineering Geologist, Salem District
- David Lee, PE District Materials Engineer, Salem District
- Travis Higgs, PE District Geotechnical Engineer, Salem District
- Aaron Zdinak, PE Geotechnical Business Class Leader
- Russ Kanith, PG Project Geologist
- Joe Wallen, PE Geotechnical Engineer
- Matt Schuster, PhD, PE Geotechnical Engineer



- Bob Forbes Vice President of Ameritech Slope Constructors
- Roger Moore, PG, PE Partner/Geotechnical Engineer



• Frank Amend, PE – Regional Manager, Southeastern USA



Ameritech

Geotechnical Contractors



QUESTIONS......SLIP - SLIDE & ROCK-N-ROLL?



