West Virginia Common Metrics 2020-2021 Exit Survey

Marshall University

August 2021



Developed by

Stacy Duffield, Ph.D.
Jerry Dogbey-Gakpetor, M.Sc.
Network for Excellence in Teaching

With Support from

Division of Academic Affairs West Virginia Higher Education Policy Commission

Introduction

The Network for Excellence in Teaching (NExT) is a partnership of institutions of higher education (IHEs) that aim to transform how university-based teacher education programs prepare new, effective teachers. The NExT institutions collaborated to develop and administer a set of four common surveys to measure their progress toward this goal. Teacher candidates and graduates at the IHEs may complete three surveys: upon entry into the teacher education programs; at exit; and one year after graduation (known as the Transition to Teaching Survey). Supervisors of NExT graduates working in the teaching field also complete a survey during the graduates' first year of employment. This report presents the findings from the Exit Surveys distributed during the fall 2020 and spring 2021.

The Exit Survey collects information on student teachers' perceptions of and satisfaction with their teacher education programs and student teaching experiences as well as their backgrounds and future plans. Quantitative data for the institution are presented in tabular format below. Each of the surveys has been found to be highly valid and reliable; the results of the exploratory factor analysis and reliability analysis for the Exit Survey can be found in Appendix A. Confirmatory factor analyses are performed annually to verify continued validity and reliability of the survey. Guidelines for writing about the surveys can be found in Appendix B, and responses to the openended survey item can be found in Appendix C.

Survey Administration

IHEs were responsible for administering the Exit Survey to all candidates who completed an initial teacher licensure program during the fall 2020-spring 2021 academic year. IHEs administered the survey to candidates toward the end of the candidates' final semester in their teacher licensure programs.

Response Rate

The institution's response count was 99 for this survey.

The response rate is calculated by dividing the number of respondents who completed the survey through at least Section A by the population of student teachers who could have completed the survey.

Using this Report

Findings from this Exit Survey can be compared to past and future cohorts in order to understand how shifts in IHE programs' coursework and clinical experiences affect candidates' perceptions of and satisfaction with their teacher education programs. Findings from the Transition to Teaching Survey, administered one year after graduation, may also shed light on whether completers' perceptions of and satisfaction with their preparedness at graduation align with perceptions of their instructional practice as student teachers.

Accreditation and Program Approval

NExT surveys support accreditation and program approval at both the state and national level through their alignment with both the <u>InTASC</u> and <u>CAEP</u> accreditation standards. The items in the surveys are aligned with InTASC standards, and therefore, support ND state program

approval and CAEP standard 1.1. Additionally, the Exit Survey, Section C, focuses on the candidate's experience with student teaching and includes several items that allow the candidate to provide feedback about the cooperating teacher and university supervisor. These items can be used as evidence for CAEP standard 2.2. The Supervisor Survey is strong evidence for CAEP standard 4.3, and the Transition to Teaching Survey can be used as evidence for CAEP standard 4.4. Appendix B presents guidelines for writing about the surveys and data.

Findings

Tables 1-3 provide contextual information.

Survey Section A

Section A of the survey asks candidates to rate their levels satisfaction with various aspects of their teacher preparation program. Candidates responded using the following scale: very dissatisfied; dissatisfied; very satisfied. The final item in this section asks the candidates if they would recommend their teacher preparation program to others using a 4-point scale with the following descriptors: definitely yes, probably yes, probably no, definitely no.

Survey Section B

Section B of the survey asks candidates to rate their satisfaction with four areas of their teacher preparation: instructional practices, diverse learners, learning environment, and professional practices. Candidates responded using the following scale: does not apply; disagree; Tend to disagree; Tend to agree; and agree.

Survey Section C

Section C of the survey asks candidates to rate their quality of supervision by both the university supervisor and school-based cooperating teacher. Candidates responded using the following scale: does not apply; disagree; Tend to disagree; Tend to agree; and agree. Candidates were also asked to describe their supervision such as frequency of observations and who visited from the university.

Survey Section D

Section D of the survey asks candidates about their future plans including how long they plan to teach and where.

Survey Section E

Section E collects candidate demographics such as gender, age, and languages spoken.

Notes:

- For any "mark all that apply" items, the total percentage may exceed 100 and the total # may exceed the number of Respondents.
- In some instances, the number of descriptions of "other" may not match the number of Respondents that selected "other."
- Due to rounding to the nearest hundredth, the percent column may not add up to 100.

SECTION A. YOUR PROGRAM

Table 1. For what licensure area did you prepare to teach? (Check all that apply.)

	n = 99				
	#	Percent of Cases			
Early Childhood Major (PreK-K)	1	1.01			
Preschool Education Major (PreK) See Table 4	0	0.00			
Elementary Education (K-6) See Table 4	52	52.53			
Special Education (PreK, PreK-Adult, K-6, 5-Adult) See Table 5	12	12.12			
PreK-Adult Education License See Table 2	6	6.06			
Secondary Education License (5-Adult, 5-9, or 9-Adult) See Table 3	42	42.42			

Table 2. If you completed a K-12 licensure program, indicate your subject area. (Check all

that apply.)

that apply.)	n = 6			
	#	Percent of Cases		
Art	0	0.00		
English as a Second Language (ESL)	0	0.00		
French	0	0.00		
Health	1	16.67		
Japanese	0	0.00		
Music	5	83.33		
Physical Education	1	16.67		
Reading Endorsement	0	0.00		
Reading Specialist	0	0.00		
School Library-Media	0	0.00		
Theatre	0	0.00		
Wellness	1	16.67		
Other	0	0.00		

Table 3. If you completed a secondary education licensure program, indicate your subject

area. (Check all that apply.)

area. (Check all that apply.)			
	n = 42		
	#	Percent of Cases	
Agriculture	0	0.00	
Art	0	0.00	
Biology	1	2.38	
Business Education	0	0.00	
Chemistry	2	4.76	
Chemistry/Physics	0	0.00	
Driver Education	0	0.00	
English	11	26.19	
Family and Consumer Science	0	0.00	
French	0	0.00	
General Math	2	4.76	
General Math through Algebra I	1	2.38	
General Science	2	4.76	
German	0	0.00	
Health	3	7.14	
Journalism	0	0.00	
Marketing	0	0.00	
Mathematics	5	11.90	
Oral Communications	0	0.00	
Physical Education	4	9.52	
Physics	0	0.00	
Reading Endorsement	0	0.00	
Social Studies	11	26.19	
Spanish	1	2.38	
Othera	2	4.76	

^aOther responses included:

[•] Music Education (2)

Table 4. If you completed a preschool education or an elementary education licensure program, include any additional licensure areas that you completed. (Mark all that apply.)

programmy manager	n = 52			
	#	Percent of Cases		
Art	0	0.00		
English (5-9)	0	0.00		
Early Education (PreK-K)	0	0.00		
French (5-9)	1	1.92		
General Math through Algebra I	0	0.00		
General Science	0	0.00		
Middle Childhood Education	0	0.00		
Reading Endorsement	0	0.00		
Social Studies (5-9)	0	0.00		
Spanish (5-9)	0	0.00		
Preschool Special Needs	0	0.00		
Multicategorical Special Needs Education	11	21.15		
Other ^a	2	3.85		

Note. Data from item A1. aOther responses included: No responses provided

Table 5. If you completed a special education licensure program, indicate your subject

area. (Mark all that apply.)

area: (Mark an that approx.)				
	n = 12			
	#	Percent of Cases		
Autism Spectrum Disorder (K-6)	0	0.00		
Autism Spectrum Disorder (5-Adult)	0	0.00		
Deaf and Hard of Hearing	0	0.00		
Emotional/Behavior Disorders	0	0.00		
Gifted Education	0	0.00		
Mentally Impaired (mild/moderate)	0	0.00		
Multicategorical Special Ed (K-6)	9	75.00		
Multicategorical Special Ed (5-Adult)	0	0.00		
Preschool Special Needs	0	0.00		
Severe/Multiple Disabilities	0	0.00		
Specific Learning Disabilities	0	0.00		
Visual Impairment	0	0.00		
Other	0	0.00		

Table 6. Teacher Education Program Satisfaction: Program Structure/Quality. How satisfied were you with the following

aspects of your teacher preparation program?

aspects of your teacher preparation program:									
	Total Respondents	Very Dissatisfied Dissatisfied		Satisfied		Very Satisfied			
	n	#	Percent	#	Percent	#	Percent	#	Percent
Advising on professional education program requirements.	97	1	1.03	8	8.25	33	34.02	55	56.70
Advising on content course requirements.	97	3	3.09	4	4.12	33	34.02	57	58.76
Quality of instruction in your teacher preparation courses.	97	0	0.00	9	9.28	28	28.87	60	61.86
Balance between theory and practice in your teacher preparation courses.	96	3	3.13	9	9.38	35	36.46	49	51.04
Integration of technology throughout your teacher preparation program.	97	4	4.12	11	11.34	28	28.87	54	55.67
Coherence between your coursework and field experiences prior to student teaching.	97	2	2.06	11	11.34	34	35.05	50	51.55
Quality of field experiences prior to student teaching.	97	3	3.09	11	11.34	29	29.90	54	55.67
Your student teaching placement site.	97	1	1.03	1	1.03	10	10.31	85	87.63

Note. Data from items A2a-h.

Table 7. Teacher Education Program Satisfaction: Program Structure/Quality. How satisfied were you with the following aspects of your teacher preparation program?

satisfied were you w	with the following aspects				
	#	Mean	SD		
Advising on professional education program requirements.	97	3.46	0.69		
Advising on content course requirements.	97	3.48	0.72		
Quality of instruction in your teacher preparation courses.	97	3.53	0.66		
Balance between theory and practice in your teacher preparation courses.	96	3.35	0.78		
Integration of technology throughout your teacher preparation program.	97	3.36	0.84		
Coherence between your coursework and field experiences prior to student teaching.	97	3.36	0.76		
Quality of field experiences prior to student teaching.	97	3.38	0.81		
Your student teaching placement site.	97	3.85	0.46		

Note. Data from items A2a-h. Scale: 1 = Very Dissatisfied; 2 = Dissatisfied; 3 = Satisfied; 4 = Very Satisfied.

Table 8. Would you recommend your teacher education program to other prospective teachers?

	n = 98				
	# Percent				
Definitely yes	68	69.39			
Probably yes	27	27.55			
Probably no	3	3.06			
Definitely no	0	0.00			

SECTION B. PREPARATION FOR TEACHING

Preparation for Teaching: Instructional Practice. To what extent do you agree or disagree that your teacher preparation program gave you the basic skills to do the following?

iono wing.	Total Respondents	Dis	Disagree		Disagree		Tend to Disagree		Tend to Agree		Agree	
	n	#	Percent	#	Percent	#	Percent	#	Percent			
Effectively teach the subject matter in my licensure area.	97	0	0.00	1	1.03	35	36.08	61	62.89			
Select instructional strategies to align with learning goals and standards.	96	1	1.04	2	2.08	29	30.21	64	66.67			
Design activities where students engage with subject matter from a variety of perspectives.	97	1	1.03	2	2.06	25	25.77	69	71.13			
Account for students' prior knowledge or experiences in instructional planning.	97	0	0.00	9	9.28	26	26.80	62	63.92			
Design long-range instructional plans that meet curricular goals.	97	0	0.00	9	9.28	29	29.90	59	60.82			
Regularly adjust instructional plans to meet students' needs.	97	0	0.00	8	8.25	25	25.77	64	65.98			
Plan lessons with clear learning objectives/goals in mind.	97	2	2.06	1	1.03	24	24.74	70	72.16			
Design and modify assessments to match learning objectives.	97	1	1.03	7	7.22	24	24.74	65	67.01			
Provide students with meaningful feedback to guide next steps in learning.	97	1	1.03	5	5.15	24	24.74	67	69.07			
Engage students in self-assessment strategies.	97	2	2.06	16	16.49	27	27.84	52	53.61			
Use formative and summative assessments to inform instructional practice.	97	1	1.03	4	4.12	25	25.77	67	69.07			

	Total Respondents	Disagree		Tend to Disagree		Tend to Agree		Agree	
	n	#	Percent	#	Percent	#	Percent	#	Percent
Understand issues of reliability and validity in assessment.	97	1	1.03	5	5.15	24	24.74	67	69.07
Analyze appropriate types of assessment data to identify student learning needs.	97	1	1.03	7	7.22	30	30.93	59	60.82
Differentiate assessment for all learners.	97	2	2.06	15	15.46	25	25.77	55	56.70
Use digital and interactive technologies to achieve instructional goals.	97	5	5.15	8	8.25	23	23.71	61	62.89
Engage students in using a range of technology tools to achieve learning goals.	97	5	5.15	9	9.28	22	22.68	61	62.89
Help students develop critical thinking processes.	97	0	0.00	3	3.09	32	32.99	62	63.92
Help students develop skills to solve complex problems.	97	0	0.00	6	6.19	24	24.74	67	69.07
Understand how interdisciplinary themes connect to core subjects.	97	1	1.03	8	8.25	20	20.62	68	70.10
Know where and how to access resources to build global awareness and understanding.	97	4	4.12	11	11.34	28	28.87	54	55.67
Help students analyze multiple sources of evidence to draw sound conclusions.	97	2	2.06	5	5.15	33	34.02	57	58.76

Note. Data from items B1a-t.

Table 9. Preparation for Teaching: Instructional Practice. To what extent do you agree or disagree that your teacher preparation program gave you the basic skills to do the following?

preparation program gave yo			
	#	Mean	SD
Effectively teach the subject matter in my licensure area.	97	3.62	0.51
Select instructional strategies to align with learning goals and standards.	96	3.63	0.58
Design activities where students engage with subject matter from a variety of perspectives.	97	3.67	0.57
Account for students' prior knowledge or experiences in instructional planning.	97	3.55	0.66
Design long-range instructional plans that meet curricular goals.	97	3.52	0.66
Regularly adjust instructional plans to meet students' needs.	97	3.58	0.64
Plan lessons with clear learning objectives/goals in mind.	97	3.67	0.60
Design and modify assessments to match learning objectives.	97	3.58	0.67
Provide students with meaningful feedback to guide next steps in learning.	97	3.62	0.63
Engage students in self-assessment strategies.	97	3.49	0.69

	#	Mean	SD
Use formative and			
summative assessments to	97	3.62	0.51
inform instructional practice.			
Understand issues of			
reliability and validity in assessment.	96	3.63	0.58
Analyze appropriate types of assessment data to identify student learning needs.	97	3.67	0.57
Differentiate assessment for all learners.	97	3.55	0.66
Use digital and interactive technologies to achieve instructional goals.	97	3.52	0.66
Engage students in using a range of technology tools to achieve learning goals.	97	3.58	0.64
Help students develop critical thinking processes.	97	3.67	0.60
Help students develop skills to solve complex problems.	97	3.58	0.67
Understand how interdisciplinary themes connect to core subjects.	97	3.62	0.63
Know where and how to access resources to build global awareness and understanding.	97	3.33	0.82
Help students analyze multiple sources of evidence to draw sound conclusions.	97	3.49	0.69

Note. Data from items B1a-u. Scale: 1 = Disagree; 2 = Tend to Disagree; 3 = Tend to Agree; 4 = Agree.

Table 11. Preparation for Teaching: Diverse Learners. To what extent do you agree or disagree that your teacher preparation

program gave you the basic skills to do the following?

program gave you the basic	Total Respondent		gree	Tend to Disagree		Tend to Agree		Agree	
	n	#	Percen t	#	Percen t	#	Percen t	#	Percen t
Effectively teach students from culturally and ethnically diverse backgrounds and communities.	97	5	5.15	7	7.22	35	36.08	50	51.55
Differentiate instruction for a variety of learning needs.	97	4	4.12	8	8.25	29	29.90	56	57.73
Differentiate for students at varied developmental levels.	97	3	3.09	8	8.25	27	27.84	59	60.82
Differentiate to meet the needs of students from various socioeconomic backgrounds.	97	4	4.12	5	5.15	31	31.96	57	58.76
Differentiate instruction for students with IEPs and 504 plans.	97	5	5.15	13	13.40	29	29.90	50	51.55
Differentiate instruction for students with mental health needs.	97	6	6.19	23	23.71	22	22.68	46	47.42
Differentiate instruction for gifted and talented students.	97	6	6.19	19	19.59	32	32.99	40	41.24
Differentiate instruction for English-language learners.	96	12	12.50	21	21.88	27	28.13	36	37.50
Access resources to foster learning for students with diverse needs.	96	4	4.17	15	15.63	27	28.13	50	52.08

Note. Data from items B2a-i.

Table 12. Preparation for Teaching: Diverse Learners. To what extent do you agree or disagree that your teacher preparation program gave you the basic skills to do the

following?

lonowing:	#	Mean	SD
Ties (* 1 / 1 / 1 /	#	Mean	SD
Effectively teach students			
from culturally and	0.	2.24	0.02
ethnically diverse	97	3.34	0.82
backgrounds and			
communities.			
Differentiate instruction			
for a variety of learning	97	3.41	0.81
needs.			
Differentiate for students			
at varied developmental	97	3.46	0.77
levels.			
Differentiate to meet the			
needs of students from	0.7	2.45	0.77
various socioeconomic	97	3.45	0.77
backgrounds.			
Differentiate instruction			
for students with IEPs and	97	3.28	0.88
504 plans.	- '	0.20	0.00
Differentiate instruction			
for students with mental	97	3.11	0.97
health needs.	- '		***
Differentiate instruction			
for gifted and talented	97	3.09	0.92
students.	- '		***
Differentiate instruction			
for English-language	96	2.91	1.04
learners.	, ,	,	1.0.
Access resources to foster			
learning for students with	96	3.28	0.87
diverse needs.		3.20	0.07
uiverse necus.			

Note. Data from items B2a-i. Scale: 1 = Disagree; 2 = Tend to Disagree; 3 = Tend to Agree; 4 = Agree.

Table 13. Preparation for Teaching: Learning Environment. To what extent do you agree or disagree that your teacher

preparation program gave you the basic skills to do the following?

preparation program gave you	Total Respondents		agree	Te	nd to agree		nd to gree	Agree	
	n	#	Percen t	#	Percen t	#	Percen t	#	Percent
Clearly communicate expectations for appropriate student behavior.	96	0	0.00	3	3.13	27	28.13	66	68.75
Use effective communication skills and strategies to convey ideas and information to students.	96	0	0.00	1	1.04	23	23.96	72	75.00
Connect core content to real-life experiences for students.	96	1	1.04	4	4.17	25	26.04	66	68.75
Help students work together to achieve learning goals.	96	0	0.00	3	3.13	21	21.88	72	75.00
Develop and maintain a classroom environment that promotes student engagement.	96	0	0.00	6	6.25	16	16.67	74	77.08
Respond appropriately to student behavior.	96	2	2.08	6	6.25	29	30.21	74	61.46
Create a learning environment in which differences such as race, culture, gender, sexual orientation, and language are respected.	96	0	0.00	3	3.13	18	18.75	75	78.13
Help students regulate their own behavior.	96	3	3.13	10	10.42	28	29.17	55	57.29
Effectively organize the physical environment of the classroom for instruction.	96	1	1.04	5	5.21	15	15.63	75	78.13

Note. Data from items B3a-i.

.

Table 14. Preparation for Teaching: Learning Environment. To what extent do you agree or disagree that your teacher preparation program gave you the basic skills to do the following?

preparation program gave yo	u the ba	isic sixiii	s to uo
	#	Mean	SD
Clearly communicate expectations for appropriate student behavior.	96	3.66	0.54
Use effective communication skills and strategies to convey ideas and information to students.	96	3.74	0.46
Connect core content to real- life experiences for students.	96	3.63	0.62
Help students work together to achieve learning goals.	96	3.72	0.51
Develop and maintain a classroom environment that promotes student engagement.	96	3.71	0.58
Respond appropriately to student behavior.	96	3.51	0.71
Create a learning environment in which differences such as race, culture, gender, sexual orientation, and language are respected.	96	3.75	0.50
Help students regulate their own behavior.	96	3.41	0.80
Effectively organize the physical environment of the classroom for instruction.	96	3.71	0.61

Scale: 1 = Disagree; 2 = Tend to Disagree; 3 = Tend to Agree; 4 = Agree.

Table 15. Preparation for Teaching: Professionalism. To what extent do you agree or disagree that your teacher preparation

program gave you the basic skills to do the following?

program gave you the basic skills to do the following?									
	Total Respondents	Disagree		Tend to Disagree		Tend to Agree		Agree	
	n	#	Percen t	#	Percen t	#	Percen t	#	Percen t
Seek out learning opportunities that align with my professional development goals.	96	1	1.04	7	7.29	25	26.04	63	65.63
Access the professional literature to expand my knowledge about teaching and learning.	96	3	3.13	11	11.46	27	28.13	55	57.29
Collaborate with parents and guardians to support student learning.	96	5	5.21	17	17.71	24	25.00	50	52.08
Collaborate with teaching colleagues to improve student performance.	96	2	2.08	5	5.21	24	25.00	65	67.71
Use colleague feedback to support my development as a teacher.	96	2	2.08	3	3.13	24	25.00	67	69.79
Uphold laws related to student rights and teacher responsibility.	96	1	1.04	2	2.08	17	17.71	76	79.17
Act as an advocate for all students.	96	0	0.00	2	2.08	16	16.67	78	81.25

Table 16. Preparation for Teaching: Professionalism. To what extent do you agree or disagree that your teacher preparation program gave you the basic skills to do the

following?

5 7	
57	
57	
1	
2	
59	
55	
54	
15	

Scale: 1 = Disagree; 2 = Tend to Disagree; 3 = Tend to Agree; 4 = Agree.

SECTION C. STUDENT TEACHING

Table 17. University or College Supervisor. (A university or college supervisor is the faculty member who is in charge of guiding,

helping, and directing the teacher candidate.) My university or college supervisor...

- - - - - - - - - - -	Total Respondents	Disa	gree	Ten	d to gree		d to ree	Ag	ree
	n	#	Percen t	#	Percen t	#	Percen t	#	Percen t
Was available when I needed help.	90	0	0.00	5	5.56	14	15.56	71	78.89
Acted as a liaison between me and the school.	90	2	2.22	6	6.67	20	22.22	62	68.89
Gave me constructive feedback on my teaching.	90	1	1.11	4	4.44	15	16.67	70	77.78
Helped me understand my roles and responsibilities as a student teacher.	90	0	0.00	4	4.44	14	15.56	72	80.00
Helped me develop as a reflective practitioner.	90	0	0.00	6	6.67	12	13.33	72	80.00

Table 18. University or College Supervisor. (A university or college supervisor is the faculty member who is in charge of guiding, helping, and directing the teacher candidate.)

My university or college supervisor...

	#	Mean	SD
Was available when I needed help.	90	3.73	0.55
Acted as a liaison between me and the school.	90	3.58	0.71
Gave me constructive feedback on my teaching.	90	3.71	0.60
Helped me understand my roles and responsibilities as a student teacher.	90	3.76	0.52
Helped me develop as a reflective practitioner.	90	3.73	0.57

Scale: 1 = Disagree; 2 = Tend to Disagree; 3 = Tend to Agree; 4 = Agree.

Table 19. To the best of your knowledge, how many times did your university or college supervisor visit your student teaching classroom when you were actively teaching?

J. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10	n = 82				
	#	Percent			
0	40	48.78			
1-2	7	8.54			
3-4	13	15.85			
5-6	19	23.17			
7-8	2	2.44			
9-10	0	0.00			
More than 10	1	1.22			

Table 20. To the best of your knowledge, how many times did you discuss your student teaching in face-to-face conferences with your university or college supervisor? Include/count conversations longer than 10 minutes.

	n = 87			
	#	Percent		
0	22	25.29		
1-2	17	19.54		
3-4	28	32.18		
5-6	12	13.79		
7-8	6	6.90		
9-10	2	2.30		
More than 10	0	0.00		

Note. Data from item C3.

Table 21. Besides your university or college supervisor, did anyone else from your university or college visit you at your student teaching site?

	n = 95				
	#	Percent			
Yes	1	1.05			
No	94	98.95			

Table 22. If yes, check all that apply.

Tuble 22. If yes, effect all that app	n =	= 1
	#	Percent of Cases
Other university or college supervisor	0	0.00
University or college's field experience coordinator/supervisor	1	100.00
Teacher education faculty	0	0.00
Content faculty	0	0.00
Other faculty	0	0.00
Graduate student	0	0.00
Peer teacher candidate	0	0.00
Other	0	0.00

Note. Data from item C4. Includes Respondents who answered "yes" to the item in Table 21.

Table 23. If you experienced significant challenges during your student teaching, did you receive the help you needed?

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	n =	n = 56		
	#	Percent		
Yes	50	89.29		
No	6	10.71		
Does not apply	0	0.00		

Table 24. Cooperating Teacher/Co-Teacher. (A cooperating teacher is the teacher in an educational setting who works with, helps, and advises the teacher candidate.) Please respond based on your most recent student teaching placement.

My cooperating teacher/co-teacher...

Try cooperating teacher/co-teac	Total Respondent	Disa	gree		d to gree		d to ree	Ag	ree
	n	#	Percen t	#	Percen t	#	Percen t	#	Percen t
Provided adequate opportunities for me to observe the classroom.	95	0	0.00	1	1.05	5	5.26	89	93.68
Provided adequate time for planning.	95	1	1.05	2	2.11	11	11.58	81	85.26
Helped me with classroom management.	95	2	2.11	1	1.05	7	7.37	85	89.47
Made me feel welcome.	95	1	1.05	1	1.05	4	4.21	89	93.68
Gave me constructive feedback on my teaching.	94	2	2.13	3	3.19	10	10.64	79	84.04
Let me experiment with my own teaching ideas.	95	1	1.05	3	3.16	10	10.53	81	85.26
Included me in parent-teacher conferences, school meetings, and other professional experiences.	95	0	0.00	2	2.11	14	14.74	79	83.16
Shared ideas and materials.	95	0	0.00	1	1.05	5	5.26	89	93.68
Helped me develop as a reflective practitioner.	95	2	2.11	3	3.16	5	5.26	85	89.47
Helped me plan differentiated instruction for a variety of learning needs.	95	3	3.16	3	3.16	16	16.84	73	76.84
Helped me use student data to inform instruction.	95	3	3.16	3	3.16	10	10.53	79	83.16

Note. Data from items C6.

Table 25. Cooperating Teacher/Co-Teacher. (A cooperating teacher is the teacher in an educational setting who works with, helps, and advises the teacher candidate.) Please respond based on your most recent student teaching placement.

My cooperating teacher/co-teacher...

My cooperating teacher/co-teacher			
	#	Mea	SD
		n	
Provided adequate opportunities for me to observe the classroom.	95	3.93	0.30
Provided adequate time for planning.	95	3.81	0.51
Helped me with classroom management.	95	3.84	0.53
Made me feel welcome.	95	3.91	0.41
Gave me constructive feedback on my teaching.	94	3.77	0.61
Let me experiment with my own teaching ideas.	95	3.80	0.54
Included me in parent-teacher conferences, school meetings, and other professional experiences.	95	3.81	0.44
Shared ideas and materials.	95	3.93	0.30
Helped me develop as a reflective practitioner.	95	3.82	0.58
Helped me plan differentiated instruction for a variety of learning needs.	95	3.67	0.69
Helped me use student data to inform instruction.	95	3.74	0.67

Note. Data from items C6. Scale: 1 = Disagree; 2 = Tend to Disagree; 3 = Tend to Agree; 4 = Agree.

SECTION D. FUTURE PLANS

Table 26. How long do you plan to teach?

	n = 96	
	#	Percent
1-2 years	3	3.13
3-5 years	3	3.13
6-10 years	8	8.33
11 or more years	82	85.42
I do not plan to teach	0	0.00

Table 27. Where would you consider teaching? Mark all that apply.

·	n = 99	
	#	Percent of Cases
West Virginia	86	86.87
Ohio	60	60.61
Kentucky	48	48.48
Virginia	26	26.26
Maryland	16	16.16
Pennsylvania	22	22.22
North Carolina	39	39.39
South Carolina	31	31.31
Florida	25	25.25
Other urban area in the U.S.	18	18.18
Other suburban area in the U.S.	20	20.20
Other rural area in the U.S.	14	14.14
Outside the U.S.	6	6.06
Other	5	5.05

SECTION E. YOUR BACKGROUND

Table 28. What is your gender?

	n = 97		
	#	Percent	
Male	22	22.68	
Female	75	77.32	

Note. Data from item E1.

Table 29. What is your race/ethnicity?

Table 25. What is your fact time	n = 96	
	#	Percent of Cases
American Indian or Alaskan Native	0	0.00
Asian	0	0.00
Black or African American	0	0.00
Hispanic or Latino	1	1.04
Native Hawaiian and other Pacific Islander	0	0.00
White, non-Hispanic	95	98.96
Other	1	1.04

Table 30. Is English your native language?

	n = 97		
	#	Percent	
Yes	97	100.00	
No	0	0.00	

Note. Data from item E4.

Table 31. Do you fluently speak a language other than English?

	n = 97		
	#	Percent	
Yes	97	100.00	
No	0	0.00	

Appendix A Exit Survey 2020 Validity and Reliability

The Network for Excellence in Teaching, formed in 2010, is a collaborative of higher education teacher preparation programs who aim to support continuous improvement of teacher education through research-based best practice and the use of valid and reliable measures. The Exit Survey is administered to student teachers at the end of their program to determine how prepared these student teachers were for clinical practice. First created in 2010, the Exit Survey has undergone rigorous design and testing, with several major revisions based upon internal validity and reliability testing, expert review, and respondent feedback. This report presents the most recent internal validity and reliability analysis.

An exploratory factor analysis was performed to test the validity and reliability of the Exit Survey data, which includes Part A, Your Program; Part B, Preparation for Teaching; and Part C, Student Teaching. Other sections of the survey were not included because they do not contain scale-level data. An exploratory factor analysis (EFA) helps to make decisions on which survey items should be retained, revised or eliminated from each section based on how well they contribute to the overall understanding of the construct.

Methodology

The correlation, reliability matrix, and exploratory factor analysis were conducted using SAS 9.4, PRCO CORR and PROC FACTOR procedures. To compute the factors and evaluate the latent structure of the items for each part of the survey, the principal axis method with varimax rotation was utilized. The determinant, Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin (KMO), and Bartlett test were conducted to test the assumptions before performing the factor analysis. The determinant suggests whether items are too close to run the analysis; KMO ensures enough survey items are predicted by each factor; the Bartlett tests whether the items have sufficient correlations to perform the factor analysis.

Results Summary

Test of Assumptions

Assumptions of sampling adequacy (KMO) and normal distribution across samples (Bartlett's Test) were both met for all parts of the Exit Survey. However, the determinant was lower than ideal for Parts B (1.48E-17) and C (4.08E-06), an indication of potential problems with collinearity, indicating that some variables are highly correlated and are likely redundant.

Part A

Correlations were calculated to determine relationships among items. According to Cohen (1988), correlation coefficients between 0.1 and 0.29 represent a weak correlation between two variables, 0.3 and 0.49 suggest a moderate correlation, and coefficients from 0.5 to 1.0 are strong correlations. Based on these guidelines, the bivariate correlations among items in Part A, consisting of 46.43% of item pairs were moderate, ranging from weak (.203) to strong (.732). Item a2h_site had weak correlations with all other items in Section A2 except a2g_prior, indicating this item might represent a separate construct from others in Section A2. Using the scree plot, two factors, explaining 63.53% of the variance, were retained. Items a2c_inst, a2d_bal, a2e_tech, a2f_cohe, a2g_prior, and a2h_site loaded heavily onto Factor 1 (related to Program Quality) and items a2a_educ and a2b_cont loaded onto Factor 2 (related to Advising). These factor loadings range from .60 to .88. See Appendix A for the factor loadings.

Part B: Preparation for Teaching

An EFA was completed for Part B, which contains four sections: Section B1, Instructional Practice; Section B2, Diverse Learners; Section B3, Learning Environment; and Section B4, Professionalism. All 46 items in Part B were included in this analysis. Five factors were retained in the factor analysis, in total accounting 66.45% of the variance using the minimum eigenvalue of 1. The factor loadings were good for all retained items, ranging from .400 to .735. Items a2c inst and a2e tech cross loaded. See Appendix A for the factor loadings.

Table 1. Section B: "Preparation for Teaching" Factors

Factor	Items	Primary Topic	Variance Explained
1	ble_goals, blj_self, bll_rel, blm_approp, blmm_diff, bln_digi, blo_range, blp_criti, blq_complx, blr_itdsp, bls_glbl and blt_conc	Instructional Practice	53.19%
2	b2a_ethn, b2b_diff, b2c_dev, b2d_socio, b2e_IEP, b2f_mntl, b2g_gift, b2h_ELL, and b2i_resour	Diverse Learners	4.22%
3	bla_subj, blb_strat, blc_pers, bld_prior, blf_adj, blg_plan, blh_match, bli_fdbk, and blk_assess	Instructional Planning	2.66%
4	b3a_expec, b3b_comm, b3c_real, b3d_work, b3e_envi, b3f_behav, b3g_diff, b3h_reg, and b3i_phys	Learning Environment	4.10%
5	b4a_opp, b4b_lite, b4c_pare, b4d_coll, b4e_dev, b4f_legal, and b4g_advo	Professionalism	2.66%

Section B1: Instructional Practice

Twelve items from Section B1, Instructional Practice, loaded onto Factor 1, as shown in Table 1. These items are related to both instructional practice and technology and resources. Items b1e_goals, b1h_match, b1i_fdbk, b1k_assess, b1m_approp and b1p_criti cross loaded with Factor 3, while b1mm_diff cross loaded with Factor 2, diverse learning. These cross-loaded items in Factor 1 may contribute to the ambiguous loading.

Nine items; bla_subj, blb_strat, blc_pers, bld_prior, blf_adj, blg_plan, blh_match, bli_fdbk, and blk_assess, loaded onto Factor 3. This is a new finding for this year's data. Eight of the nine items are related in planning for instruction; therefore, this new factor was labeled instructional planning.

Section B2: Diverse Learners

All items in Section B2 loaded highest onto Factor 2 indicating that Section B2 represents one scale related to diverse learners. In addition, there is no items cross loaded with other factors in Section B2.

Section B3: Learning Environment

All items from Section B3 loaded strongly onto Factor 4. This suggests that these items represent one scale related to learning environment. Item b3 work cross loaded with Factor 3.

Section B4: Professionalism

All items in Section 4 loaded onto Factor 5, Professionalism with b4a_opp and b4b_lite cross loading onto Factor 1. This suggests that these items can be used to measure one Professionalism scale for future analysis.

Part C

All items in Section C1 had strong bivariate correlations ranging from .642 to .810, potentially indicating student teachers who perceived their supervisors to be strong in one area also perceived them to be strong in other areas. Section C6 items all had moderate to strong bivariate correlations ranging from .446 to .820. Correlations between the two sections (C1 and C6) are weak, suggesting student teachers' perceptions of their faculty supervisor and cooperating teacher do not correlate with each other. Two factors were retained using the minimum eigenvalue criteria in the factor analysis. Factor 1 accounted 46.48% of the variance and Factor 2 accounted 22.22% of the variance. Retained factor loadings range from .688 to .913.

Table 2. Part C: "Student Teaching" Factors

Factor	Items	Primary Topic	Variance Explained
1	c6a_opp, c6b_time, c6c_clas, c6d_welc, c6e_fdbk, c6f_exp, c6g_incl, c6h_shar, c6i_dev, c6j_plan, and c6k_data	Cooperating Teaching	46.48%
2	cla_avail, clb_liais, clc_fdbk, cld_role, and cle_refl	University/College Supervisor	22.22%

Instrument Reliability

The reliability of the scales suggested by the factor loadings was assessed using Cronbach's alpha. All reliability estimates are included in Table 7.

Table 3. Reliability Analysis

Part	Scale	Cronbach's Alpha
	Section A2: Program Structure/Quality—Overall	0.858
A	Advising	0.846
A	Program Quality	0.829
	Part B: Preparation for Teaching—Overall	0.980
	Instructional Practice (Factor 1)	0.946
	Learning Environment	0.937
В	Diverse Learners	0.937
	Professionalism	0.913
	Instructional Planning (Factor 3)	0.930
	Sections C1: University/College Supervisor and C6: Cooperating Teacher/Co-teacher—Overall	0.917
\mathbf{C}	Cooperating Teacher	0.944
	University/College Supervisor	0.931

The alpha coefficients are all greater than .70, indicating good internal consistency for these constructs.

The factor analysis conducted suggests that the scales identified by the 2019-2020 Exit Survey data have relatively good reliability as a measure of these constructs.

References

Cohen, J. (1988). Statistical power analysis (2nd ed.). Hillside, NJ: Erlbaum.

Zhang, A., Baron, M., & Duffield, S. (2017). *Exit Survey 2017 validity and reliability*. Retrieved from Network for Excellence in Teaching https://www.nexteachers.org/services

Prepared by
Jerry Dogbey-Gakpetor, M.Sc., North Dakota State University
Stacy Duffield, Ph.D., North Dakota State University
January 2021

Appendix B: Guidelines for Writing about Common Metrics Data and Surveys

The NExT Common Metrics group supports excellence in teacher preparation through research and use of valid and reliable instruments for program improvement. The Common Metrics data offers numerous opportunities to researchers, and we are excited to promote this work. The following list provides guidelines for appropriate reference and citations when referring to the data and surveys. These guidelines apply to both formal and informal writing about Common Metrics data and surveys.

- The surveys may not be presented in full or part. (eg. The survey may not be provided in the appendices or a list of survey items in a results table.)
- Survey items may not be presented word-for-word; rather, the topic of the item can be presented (eg. instructing English learners or providing feedback). Sharing of specific items is a violation of copyright.
- If reporting about single items, it needs to be made clear that the items are being extracted from an instrument that is meant to be used in whole and that the items are part of factors that include multiple items.
- Reporting should be about outcomes. We recommend that results are presented by factor. (See factor analysis reports)
- Please note that while the data belongs to the institution, the surveys are owned by NExT. NExT surveys should be cited in formal and informal writing and presentations. This is the citation format recommended by NExT complying with APA guidelines:
- Network for Excellence in Teaching (NExT, 2016). *NExT Common Metrics Entry Survey*. NExT: Author.
- Network for Excellence in Teaching (NExT, 2016). *NExT Common Metrics Exit Survey*. NExT: Author.
- Network for Excellence in Teaching (NExT, 2016). NExT Common Metrics Transition to Teaching Survey. NExT: Author.
- Network for Excellence in Teaching (NExT, 2016). *NExT Common Metrics Supervisor Survey*. NExT: Author.

APPENDIX C: RESPONSES TO QUESTION A3

A3. Would you recommend your teacher education program to other prospective teachers?*

Note. The responses were not cleaned for spelling or grammar, and names of individuals were redacted.

- [Name], was the most helpful cooperating teacher I have had. She showed me so many different things, and truly coached me into becoming a GREAT teacher! I would not be where I am today without her.
- It was a great program that I feel really prepared me
- The professors are so amazing. They do whatever it takes so that you will succeed. They never want you to fail.
- I have been very pleased with my education in the COEPD. My professors have all been wonderful, and the support provided to students is outstanding!
- Marshall has prepared me to be a successful and confident teacher through the courses and hands-on experience.
- This program is very accommodating to helping their students become the best teacher. The professors were always there to help whenever I needed help
- Some of the teacher education side doesn't seem directly useful toward teaching music, but overall is a very good program. The music side of this program could probably benefit from some changes.
- When going into my student teaching, I felt like I was fully prepared to teach and have control over the classroom.
- I feel as if I was extremely prepared for the real-world.
- I feel that the quality for this program is not high. I know a lot of people that made it through the program that maybe should not have. Also, the courses that are required are not the best. I believe the university should re-evaluate the courses they require their potential teachers to take. Especially in the mathematics department.
- For the most part, the professors provide meaningful ways to learn content and teach content. Most of the professors actually care and want to see their students be successful in and out of the classroom.
- Because I have gone to multiple schools for classes for my degree, I know that Marshall is the best. I was both a transfer student and took college classes in high school and I feel that the classes and professors at Marshall best prepared me for the job.
- I feel the program has prepared me to be the best teacher possibly and grow as an educator

- Very good program and felt prepared to begin teaching; although, Marshall is fairly expensive.
- The teacher program at Marshall has been amazing and taught me so much.
- Everyone is so helpful and you can tell the personnel at Marshall really care. I feel that Marshall set me up with everything I need to succeed in my own classroom.
- Yes, because it was a great experience overall.
- It has been such a wonderful experience. I changed majors half way through and it has brought much happiness to my life!
- It worked and I feel much better prepared. Additionally I enjoyed my student teaching experience a lot, and felt I was at a good school.
- This program has taught me so much about the curriculum of a teacher.
- I felt prepared coming out of the program, but I also think at times I was giving misleading information (to no particular persons fault, it was never on purpose) which left me confused and stressed more often than not. Overall, I was very in the dark and confused as to what I needed to do throughout the time I was scheduling, etc.
- This semester has been a breeze because of the department. The communication this amazing!
- Professors are very personal and become more like colleagues rather than teachers
- I loved my advisor, but I felt like I had to stay a step ahead or I was falling behind. The clinicals (which is was not the fault of Marshall) were great, but I had 2 teachers who did not hardly acknowledge me during those experiences. I felt like those clinicals hurt me more than they helped me.
- Very well prepared, willing to cooperate with needs, and always encouraging a successful pathway of growth.
- Everyone at the COEPD has been so understanding and helpful throughout the whole process of getting my degree. They've understood that every teacher and every classroom is different, and they've done a great job at working with everyone's needs to best teach students.
- I think that there are fantastic classroom management professors, but I had much more help regarding educational strategies with the English side of this degree.
- I think that there are a lot of courses that are not helpful to Elem. Education. Also, I think that some courses did not do the best job of preparing us. Classroom management, assessment especially.
- It was a split decision between probably yes and probably no. A year has not gone by in this program without some kind of conflict or difficulty arising. My initial Marshall Advisor was little to no help at all and I had to find assistance from other instructors any time I needed anything. There were professors and courses that felt pointless or like a waste of time because even to this day I do not feel like I gained anything from them. The reason I ultimately chose probably yes was because of those exceptional instructors who

- did ten times their own work. [Faculty Member], [Faculty Member], [Faculty Member], and [Faculty Member] I would say have influenced this decision the most.
- I thoroughly enjoyed the COEPD staff that I got to learn under. The education classes were always the highlights of my day.
- Every professor or administrator that I have come in contact with in the Education Department was awesome. They were helpful, knew what the were talking about, and cared.
- I feel very prepared. Yes, I have a lot of weaknesses, but most of what I am weak in requires more classroom experience. Marshall COEPD did an amazing job at educating and preparing me for a career in teaching.
- The COEPD was filled with great faculty that helped every step of the way, but some of the teachings I have yet to see in my clinical experiences. The scheduling of classes was very difficult since certain important classes are only offered during certain semesters. This caused me to take courses before I was prepared to take them.
- I did not find it very challenging, and I felt that it relied too heavily on theoretical things that did not actually prepare me to teach. If it had focused more heavily on clinical experiences, I think it would have been better. Also, it was difficult for people to assist me because no one ever seemed to know what classes I needed to take. There were classes listed on my degree works that didn't even exist. I feel like the departments need to communicate more effectively.
- I feel as if the program was appropriate and that it prepared me for a teaching career.
- The professors and staff in the education building want nothing from the best for their students. I was a business major before education, and the environment of the school itself, helpfulness, and attitude is a total 180 degree difference. I love our school!
- I felt like I got a quality education from Marshall
- Marshall has amazing staff and professors always ready to answer any questions and push future teachers harder to become a great teacher.
- Marshall teacher education program is one of the best in the country. They meet every requirement and are great at preparing you for teaching, especially in West Virginia but I imagine everywhere as well. They are kind and the content is helpful, it is a great community.
- I feel as if I have all of the necessities to be the best teacher
- It was clear and communication was done well. Other students would know what they were getting into ahead of time. Answers questions promptly
- I feel that the teacher program at Marshall has definitely prepared me as best as it could to take on the challenges and experiences that I will be facing in my own classroom. I also thought that everyone was extremely personable and willing to help me throughout the time that I was here.
- I truly feel prepared to have my own classroom and to be a successful teacher. I have had a great time at Marshall, and believe they have some of the best professors in the country.

- I believe this program is very helpful in how the coursework and clinicals are prepared. It gives us a lot of information and practice to prepare us to have our own classroom one day.
- I think Marshall did a good job in the realm of what all teaching programs do. I think teaching programs need to actually put us into the classroom more often and teach more realistic practices. I felt as if the classroom was a fairy-tale land until I showed up for my student teaching.
- I had a great experience at Marshall!
- I feel that I learned and grew throughout this course of my life. I just think Marshall could've done better on preparing students for Praxis 1 and 2. They did not do a good job working that out for students. They also should learn to tell students what classes will be offered during what semesters so students don't get stuck. I personally developed a lot of anxiety during my last year of school because of situations like this.
- They have done a good job overall for the course work and field experience. I think that they could do more example lessons in each course. For example, if I was in a math course, the teacher would show or teach to us like we were students for a couple example lessons so we have some background on how we should go about teaching the specific topic. This would help open my mind to more ideas for that particular content area.
- The College of Science and COEPD do not communicate. When entering the courses, for a science content area, ALL courses are taught towards the students that are pre-med. Because of that, I feel that I am lacking ways to convey and help my students because the professors mainly focused on pre-med students.
- It was really smooth process through the education program. Everyone in the building will not let you fall behind for any reason, and if you do there are resources that you can use to get you on your feet.
- Kind people
- I learned very little on how to incorporate technology into the classroom. Other than Kahoots, document cameras, and videos.
- The teacher preparation programs, particularly Music Education, provided me with the skills that I need to be successful in any classroom. I was given the opportunity to grow as a musician and an educator and to personalize my experience while still receiving a well-rounded education.
- The staff works well with you and your needs to prepare you to become a better teacher.
- I honestly believe Marshall has the best staff to prepare our future teachers and all are willing to go above and beyond for their students.
- I think the COEPD puts a lot of time and effort into their education students, and they have a lot of professors that really care about the current state of education. This provides a high level of education that prepares students for what they will see in their classrooms and exposing them to resources and tools they can use.

- I had many issues with the program as I felt left out many times. I enjoyed most of my professors, and I would recommend them because of that. [Faculty Member] is the best professor at Marshall, and s/he is the main reason why I would tell people to go into the program as I learned the most about teaching from her/him.
- This is a good program but it does need some changes. I feel it is useless to have to take a gym, art, and music class. As well as a physics and chemistry class. None of these classes brought me any closer to being able to teach this stuff to elementary aged students. I also feel that the professors need to focus more on teaching us how to teach instead of testing our ability and our knowledge on what they are teaching.
- I loved the experience I had in the College of Education, and most of my professors were great! Still, there were some courses that I felt did not address what I needed to know most, which I realized once I began student teaching.
- I said probably no because, the music department. The department needs to become more up to date with what is happening in the world of teaching and now be stuck in the 60's. Things have changed and they need to as well. The music department does not teach you how to teach, they as a whole, expect you to perform and suck you into the world of Marshall Music and not get out. That is one reason why you see music students taking 5,6, 7 years to graduate with a 4 year degree. It isn't right and some of the professors have the wrong mind set. The want to fulfill the ensembles with students so their position doesn't get cut because there is no recruitment being done to bring students in to make this circle go round. THE COED HAS BEEN THE MOST HELPFUL OFFICE IN MY ENTIRE CAREER HERE, HANDS DOWN! THANK YOU TO ALL OF YOU ALL!!
- My Co-operating Teacher was immensely helpful within my Student Teaching Experience. He provided resources, strategies, and helpful feedback throughout each day of my Clinical. [Faculty Member] is always makes a conscious effort to collaborate with myself, her/his students, and colleagues.
- Marshall has a well rounded education program.
- The courses are designed well and prepared me very well for teaching in my own classroom.
- Helped me get prepared to the best of my abilities at this experience level.
- I love the education program and its teachers, however I think there is a problem with favoritism throughout the program.
- I feel I have been prepared to be an educator. The professors and staff were all wonderful and supportive throughout my time Marshall, and worked to help me reach my highest potential.
- I believe that Marshall University is a wonderful educational institution. Its' COEPD does a good job of preparing future teachers. However, I believe that my field experiences and my student teaching experience have better prepared me for a classroom of my own than any course I have taken. This is because those experiences have us dealing with real-world teaching situations.

- There are several professors that really love the students and stress how important it is to love the students no matter what.
- Understanding the courses I needed to take was a complete nightmare. No one knew or found answers, was pushed to the side and expected to "study harder" when struggling with classes I didn't have prerequisites in
- There are many requirements to move on throughout the teacher education program which are often not clearly communicated.
- The program provides a lot of information regarding theory as well as hands on learning. It also helps us to learn how to implement what we learn into teaching. The cooperating teachers in the schools that work with the program are always very helpful.
- I feel mostly prepared to be a teacher in my own classroom. I will need a little more training in some of the processes taught in my county, but I feel that I can make that up with professional development trainings
- The college of education was an amazing program, I felt very prepared to become a teacher.
- I feel that I am very prepared and it has been a great experience.
- I would recommend this program because I feel that it has many great professors and provides some beneficial experiences. I also think that the program really helps prepare students to become teachers.
- I would recommend this program to another possible teacher because I feel they have prepared me for teaching as well as teaching me good life lessons. I feel very prepared to start my teaching career.
- I believe I received a lot of valuable training from the Marshall University teacher education program. The staff was helpful, and I learned a lot from them. The only thing I wish is that there were more field experiences that required teaching in addition to the observation. The reading block class was great at helping me feel prepared to teach reading during my student teaching experience. I wish there were classes similar to that for at least math if not science and social studies as well.